ANEL ELEKTRİK PROJE TAAHHÜT VE TİCARET A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION INTO ENGLISH

OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2013

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION INTO ENGLISH OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH

To the Board of Directors of Anel Elektrik Proje Taahhüt ve Ticaret A.Ş.

1. We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Anel Elektrik Proje Taahhut ve Ticaret A.S. (the Company) and its subsidiaries (collectively referred as, the "Group") as of December 31, 2013 and the related the consolidated profit or loss and other comprehensive income and cashflow for the period then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

2. The Group's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Turkey Accounting / Financial Reporting Standards issued by Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") and in accordance with financial reporting standarts issued by the Capital Market Board ("CMB"). This responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditor's Responsibility

3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards issued by the CMB. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance on whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing audit procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to desing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

4. The group started at the end of 2011, CP 77 Qatar-coded electrical and mechanical works project, the main employer has stopped because the main job is canceled. Incurred by the Group in relation to this project, and the accompanying financial statements Ongoing Construction Contracts to the item on the assets and reported in the financial statements attached to the cost of unbilled trade receivables amounting to USD 2.787.061 in the amount of USD 905.242 reported by the verification could not be obtained for the receivables to be collected. The Company's management, the accompanying financial statements, the amounts charged as an expense are not recognized and highly likely to consider that question not impaired.

Opinion

5. In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements 4 Excluding the impact of the substance, including Anel Elektrik Project Contracting and Trading Co., Ltd. financial position and its subsidiaries as of December 31, 2013, the same date its financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with the Turkey Accounting / Financial Reporting Standards issued by the POA.

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to the following matter:

Anel Group's subsidiary, DAG-08 OOD, Golden Sun OOD, Anel BG Ltd. as of 31.12.2013 issued by the POA's financial statements prepared in accordance with Turkey Accounting / Financial Reporting Standards, audit firm to another has been audited by the audit were issued after 28.02.2014 is unqualified opinion dated.

Reports on independent auditor responsibilities arising from other regulatory requirements

In accordance with Article 402 of the Turkish Commercial Code, the Board of Directors submitted to us the necessary explanations and provided required documents within the context of audit, additionally, no significant matter has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the Group's bookkeeping activities for the period 1 January - 31 December 2013 is not in compliance with the code and provisions of the Company's articles of association in relation to financial reporting.

Pursuant to Article 378 of Turkish Commercial Code no. 6102, Board of Directors of publicly traded companies are required to form an expert committee, and to run and to develop the necessary system for the purposes of: early identification of causes that jeopardize the existence, development and continuity of the company; applying the necessary measures and remedies in this regard; and, managing the related risks. According to subparagraph 4, Article 398 of the code, the auditor is required to prepare a separate report explaining whether the Board of Directors has established the system and authorized committee stipulated under Article 378 to identify risks that threaten or may threaten the company and to provide risk management, and, if such a system exists, the report, the principles of which shall be announced by the POA, shall describe the structure of the system and the practices of the committee. This report shall be submitted to the Board of Directors along with the auditor's report. Our audit does not include evaluating the operational efficiency and adequacy of the operations carried out by the management of the Group in order to manage these risks. As of the balance sheet date, POA has not announced the principles of this report yet so, no separate report has been drawn up relating to it.

Istanbul, 11 March 2013

AC İSTANBUL ULUSLARARASI BAĞIMSIZ DENETİM VE SMMM A.Ş. Member of ENTERPRISE WORLDWIDE

Atilla ZAİMOĞLU Managing Partner

ANEL ELEKTRİK PROJE TAAHHÜT VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2013

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

		Audited	I
	Notes	Current Period 31.12.2013	Prior Period 31.12.2012
ASSETS			
Current Assets		533.015.318	344.796.863
Cash and Cash Equivalents	6	46.477.869	15.657.396
Financial Assets	7	-	-
Trade Receivables			
- Due from Related Parties	9, 38	16.526.880	11.767.165
- Trade receivables from third parties	9	341.971.592	229.403.859
Other Receivables			
- Due from Related Parties	10, 38	54.824.035	17.359.469
- Other receivables from third parties	10	10.485.794	5.729.936
Inventories	12	26.665.326	30.602.327
Prepaid Expenses	13	14.051.236	12.634.261
Current Assets Related with Current Period Tax	36	4.462.343	4.968.460
Other Current Assets	27	17.550.243	16.673.990
Non-Current Assets		294.300.984	223.182.195
Financial Assets	7	46.296	46.296
Other Receivables			
- Due from Related Parties	10, 38	-	400.000
- Other receivables from third parties	10	50.009	50.009
Investments According to Equity Method	15	10.465.756	16.384.265
Investment Property	16	137.533.858	120.630.071
Property, Plant and Equipment	17	26.652.719	22.720.500
Intangible Fixed Assets			
- Goodwill	19	8.063.535	173.385
- Other Intangible Fixed Assets	17	1.226.977	1.935.201
Prepaid Expenses	13	2.394.582	111.425
Deferred Tax Assets	36	99.866.716	57.345.946
Non-Current Assets Related with Current Period Tax	36	8.000.536	3.385.097
Other Non-Current Assets	27	-	-
TOTAL ASSETS		827.316.302	567.979.058

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes are an integral part of these consolidated statements

ANEL ELEKTRİK PROJE TAAHHÜT VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES AUDITED

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2013

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

		Audited			
	Nistan	Current Period	Prior Period		
	Notes	<u>31.12.2013</u>	31.12.2012		
LIABILITIES					
Short-Term Liabilities		353.256.122	176.611.294		
Short-Term Borrowings	8	83.089.799	24.261.694		
Current Part of Long Term Borrowings	8	16.873.787	10.474.242		
Trade Payables					
- Due to Related Parties	9, 38	4.793.648	713.646		
- Other payables to third parties	9	78.751.927	57.622.035		
Employee Benefits	26	2.470.593	2.108.666		
Other Payables					
- Due to Related Parties	10, 38	3.421.646	2.659.949		
- Other payables to third parties	10	5.263.549	11.736.617		
Deferred Income	13	150.730.054	62.379.760		
Taxes on Income	36	7.380.211	4.224.065		
Short-Term Provisions					
- Employee Benefits	26	480.908	421.278		
- Other Short-Term Provisions	24	-	-		
Other Current Liabilities	27	-	9.342		
Non-Current Liabilities		193.611.613	144.825.308		
Long-Term Borrowings	8	91.777.772	86.364.285		
Trade Payables					
- Due to Related Parties	9, 38	-	160.052		
-Trade Payables to Third Parties	9	-	-		
Deferred Income	13	1.531.171	1.680.197		
Long-term provisions					
-Employee Benefits Related to Long-Term Provisions	26	975.996	794.486		
- Other Long-Term Provisions	24	-	-		
Deferred Tax Liabilities	36	99.326.674	55.826.288		
Other Long-Term Liabilities	27	-	-		
EQUITY CAPITAL		280.448.567	246.542.456		
EQUITI CAFITAL		200.440.307	240.342.430		
Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent		251.353.634	217.418.729		
Paid-in Share Capital	28	110.000.000	110.000.000		
Inflation adjustments to paid in capital (-)					
Shares Related To Premiums/Discounts	28	1.384.433	1.384.433		
Other comprehensive income/expense not to be reclassified to profit or loss					
- Revaluation and Measurement Gain / (Loss)	28	926.297	866.692		
- Defined Benefit Plans Remeasurement Gains / Losses	28	(206.574)	(89.612)		
		(200.574)	(65.012)		
Reclassification to profit or loss Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Expenses					
-Foreign Currency Translation Difference	28	45.326.637	12.839.177		
Restricted reserves allocated from profits	28	3.052.537	2.955.734		
Retained Earnings	28	89.497.781	89.446.841		
Profit of The Period	37	1.372.523	15.464		
Non-Controlling Interests	28	29.094.933	29.123.727		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		827.316.302	567.979.058		

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes are an integral part of these consolidated statements

ANEL ELEKTRÎK PROJE TAAHHÛT VE TÎCARET ANONÎM ŞÎRKETÎ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES AUDITED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

		Audited	
	<u>Notes</u>	Current Period 01.0131.12.2013	Prior Period 01.0131.12.2012
OPERATING INCOME			
Revenue	29	459.740.937	291.411.121
Cost of Sales (-)	29	(408.355.927)	(247.475.094)
GROSS PROFIT/LOSS	29	51.385.010	43.936.027
General Administrative Expense (-)	30	(23.950.856)	(26.144.619)
Marketing and Sales Expense (-)	30	(625.853)	(929.687)
Other Operating Income	32	14.230.827	3.938.292
Other Operating Expense (-)	32	(15.638.646)	(3.282.822)
OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS		25.400.482	17.517.191
Income From Investing Activities	33	18.568.633	3.996.588
Expense From Investing Activities (-)	33	-	(37.361)
Shares of Investments Valuated with Equity			
Equity Method on Income / (Loss)	15	(5.213.672)	(7.548.418)
OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE FINANCIAL INCOME AND EXPENSES		38.755.443	13.928.000
Finance Income	34	99.598.081	31.679.614
Financing Expenses (-)	34	(129.863.516)	(36.565.727)
PROFIT/ (LOSS) BEFORE PROVISION FOR TAXES		8.490.008	9.041.887
Tax Income/(Expense) From Operating Activities			
-Tax For Period	36	(6.798.587)	(4.292.323)
-Deferred Tax Income/ (Expense)	36	(1.553.523)	(958.952)
CONTINUING OPERATIONS PROFIT / (LOSS)		137.898	3.790.612
PROFIT/ (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD		137.898	3.790.612
Allocation on Profit / (Loss) for the Period			
Non-Controlling Interests	28	(1.234.625)	3.775.148
Parent Company Share	37	1.372.523	15.464
Share In Earnings Per			
- From Continuing Operations Earnings Per Share	37	0,01	0,00
Diluted Earnings Per Share			
- From Continuing Operations Diluted Earnings Per Share	37	-	-

ANEL ELEKTRİK PROJE TAAHHÜT VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES AUDITED

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

(83.995)
,
16 700
16 700
16 700
10.799
=
-
(5.786.676)
(5.853.872)
(2.063.260)
3.767.528
(5.830.788)

ANEL ELEKTRİK PROJE TAAHHÜT VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES AUDITED 01.01.-31.12.2013 THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

					ive income items not to be or loss in subsequent periods	Other comprehensive i reclassified to profit or period	loss in subsequent		Retained e	earnings			
			Premiums	Revaluation			Other						
	Notes	Share	/ Discounts	Measurement	Identified Benefit Plans	Foreign Currency	Gains	Restricted	Prior Years	Net	Equity Attributable	Non-controlling	
		Capital	related with Shares	Gains/(Losses)On	Reclasification Income/Loss	Translation Difference	/ (Losses)	Reserves	Profit / (Loss)	Profit / (Loss)	to Parent	interests	Equity
PRIOR PERIOD	•												
Balances as of January 1, 2012 (beginning of period)	28	110.000.000	1.339.604	1.190.779	(32.384)	18.161.347	-	1.357.003	65.780.075	25.265.496	223.061.920	25.395.995	248.457.915
-					` ` `								
Changes in Accounting Policies Relating to Corrections		-	-	-	(57.228)		-	-	32.385	-	(24.843)	-	(24.843)
Transfers		-	44.829	24.400	-	(5.322.170)	-	1.598.731	23.634.381	(25.265.496)	(5.285.325)	(47.416)	(5.332.741)
Total Comprehensive Income	37	-			-		-	-	-	15.464	15.464	3.775.148	3.790.612
Investments Accounted for by the Equity Method of Comprehensive													
Income Shares		-	-	(348.487)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(348.487)	-	(348.487)
Balance as of December 31, 2012 (end of period)	28	110.000.000	1.384.433	866.692	(89.612)	12.839.177	-	2.955.734	89.446.841	15.464	217.418.729	29.123.727	246.542.456
CURRENT PERIOD													
Balances as of January 1, 2013 (beginning of period)	28	110.000.000	1.384.433	866.692	(89.612)	12.839.177	-	2.955.734	89.446.841	15.464	217.418.729	29.123.727	246.542.456
Transfers		-	-	59.605	(116.962)	32.487.460	-		15.464	(15.464)	32.430.103		32.430.103
Total comprehensive income	37	-			-		-	-	-	1.372.523	1.372.523	(1.234.625)	137.898
Increase / (Decrease) related with Changes of Subsidiary Share Percentage with Non-Progressive Loss		-	-	-		-	-	96.803	35.476	-	132.279	1.205.831	1.338.110
Balance as of December 31, 2013 (end of period)	28	110.000.000	1.384.433	926.297	(206.574)	45.326.637	-	3.052.537	89.497.781	1.372.523	251.353.634	29.094.933	280.448.567

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes are an integral part of these consolidated statements

ANEL ELEKTRİK PROJE TAAHHÜT VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES AUDITED

${\bf 01.01.2013 \cdot 31.12.2013} \; {\bf CONSOLIDATED} \; {\bf CASH} \; {\bf FLOW} \; {\bf STATEMENT} \; {\bf FOR} \; {\bf THE} \; {\bf PERIOD}$

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

	Audited			
	Notes	Current Period 01.0131.12.2013	Prior Period 01.0131.12.2012	
A. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(50.477.437)	(29.038.201)	
		(00000000)	(======================================	
Profit/(Loss)	37	137.898	3.790.612	
Adjustments to reconcile net profit to cash provided by operating activities		51.613.219	33.368.122	
Depreciation and amortization Adjustments	17, 19	3.971.008	2.523.631	
Provisions Adjustments	24	1.028.378	4.099.142	
Projects expense accurals	14	49.438.629	17.720.804	
Tax Expense / Income Adjustments	36	8.352.110	5.251.275	
Dividend Income from Equity Investments According to Equity Method (-)	15	5.213.672	7.548.418	
Minority Interest's (profit) / loss	28	1.234.625	(3.775.148)	
Investing Property Outflow Increase / Decrease Adjustments	33	(99.709)	-	
Fair Value Increase / Decrease Adjustments	16, 17	(17.525.494)	-	
Net working capital changes in:		(98.004.489)	(62.233.202)	
Increase (-) / Decrease (+) on Inventories	12	3.937.001	(5.198.307)	
Trade Receivables Increase / Decrease Adjustments	9	(77.401.540)	8.265.459	
Other Receivables Increase / Decrease Adjustments	10	(41.820.424)	(10.316.328)	
Trade Payables Increase / Decrease Adjustments	9	24.662.497	8.409.370	
Other Payables Increase / Decrease Adjustments	10	(5.349.444)	16.563.675	
Receivables from Continuing Construction Contract Increase / Decrease Adjustments	14	(88.817.140)	(38.937.243)	
Other Changes on Capital Increase / Decrease Adjustments		86.784.561	(41.019.828)	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Obtained		(46.253.372)	(25.074.468)	
Tax Payments / Refunds	36	(4.224.065)	(3.963.733)	
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(9.098.093)	(31.129.313)	
Cash Outflows from Purchases for able to Control Subsidiaries	3	(6.662.640)	-	
Changes on Investments Valuated with Equity Method	15	5.918.509	(13.572.321)	
Cash Inflows from Investment Property Sales		762.711		
Cash Inflows/Outflows from Sales of Tangible and Intangible Assets	17, 18, 19	(2.218.077)	(21.213.854)	
Cash Inflows from Sales of Other Long Term Assets		-	4.567.037	
Cash Outflows from Purchase of Other Long Term Assets	13	(6.898.596)	(910.175)	
C. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		57.908.543	(5.564.380)	
Cash inflows arising from borrowing	6	70.641.137	(9.292.112)	
Interest Paid	34	(13.938.425)	(9.292.112)	
		` /	2 727 722	
Changes in Minority Shares	28	1.205.831	3.727.732	
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS BEFORE FOREIGN CURRENCY CONVERSION ADJUSTMENTS (A+B+C)		(1.666.987)	(65.731.894)	
D. FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION DIFFERENCES IMPACT ON CASH				
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	28	32.487.460	(5.786.676)	
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH ANS CASH EQUIVALENTS (A+B+C+D)		30.820.473	(71.518.570)	
E. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD	6	15.657.396	87.175.966	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD (A+B+C+D+E)	6	46.477.869	15.657.396	

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

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(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

1. ORGANIZATION AND ACTIVITIES

The Company was first established by the title of "Anel Elektrik Proje Taahhut Ve Ticaret Limited Sirketi" 1986. The Company's commercial type has been changed to "Anel Elektrik Proje Taahhut Ve Ticaret Anonim Sirketi" (The 'Company-Anel Elektrik') in 26/12/2006.

The Group has branches in Tiflis, Doha and Azerbaycan.

Tiflis Branch: Tiflis Sehri, Paliasvili Sokak No:17 Tiflis-Georgia

Doha Branch: P.O. Box: 21346 Doha- Qatar

Azerbaycan Branch: C. Cabbarlı 44, Caspian Plaza Kat: 2 D:4 Bakü - Azerbaycan

The activities of Anel Elektrik Proje Taahhut Ve Ticaret Limited Sirketi and its subsidiaries include the following operations,

- -To desing all manner of electrical projects,
- -To provide uninterruped solutions by using low-tension services and electrical distrubution projects including communication network and security solutions,
- -To commerce, import, export and produce all manner of electrical supplies and make new marketing organization related to it's activities,
- -Project management,
- -To purchase and sell properties,
- -To design all manner of mechanical Project.

About the activities of the Group's ongoing business sectors and geographical segment reporting details 5 are given in the note.

The company shares were offered to public in 2010, and 31 December 2013 %50,58% of the Istanbul Stock exchange, INC. (BIST) are traded.

In the period ended at December 31, 2013, the average of 1.264 people have been employed in the group. (December 31.12.2012: 1.845)

The main shareholder of the company is Çelikel Family.

Anel Elektrik has the following subsidiaries, whose business and country of incorporation are provided below:

		Country of
Name of the Company	Field of the Activitiy	<u>Incorporation</u>
	Purchasing and Selling	
Anel Yapı Gayrimenkul A.Ş.	Property	Turkey
Anel Mekanik Tesisat Taahhüt A.Ş.	Mechanical Projects	Turkey
Anel Enerji Elek. Üretim San. ve Tic. A.Ş.	Solar Energy Projects	Turkey
Anelmarin Gemi Elektrik Elektronik. Sist. Ticaret ve Sanayi	Marine Electricity,	Turkey
A.Ş.	Electronics	
Anel Ukrayna Ltd.	Project Commitment	Ukraine
Anel Dar Libya Constructing & Services LLC	Project Commitment	Libya
Anel Engineering-Technological Company Ltd.Rusya	Project Commitment	Russia
DAG-08 OOD	Solar Energy Projects	Bulgaria
Golden Sun OOD	Solar Energy Projects	Bulgaria
		The United
Anel Emirates General Contracting LLC	Project Commitment	Arab Emirates
Anel BG Ltd.	Energy	Bulgaria

Company hasn't got any subsidiary or affiliate subject to consolidation.

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Basic Standards of Presentation

Declaration of Conformity to TAS

The condensed financial statements and disclosures have been prepared in accordance with the communiqué numbered II-14,1 "Communiqué on the Principles of Financial Reporting In Capital Markets" ("the Communiqué") announced by the Capital Markets Board ("CMB") (hereinafter will be referred to as "the CMB Accounting Standards") on 13 June 2013 which is published on Official Gazette numbered 28676.

In accordance with article 5th of the CMB Accounting Standards, companies should apply Turkish Accounting Standards/Turkish Financial Reporting Standards (TAS) and interpretations regarding these standards as adopted by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA").

Of the group at 31 December 2013 edited as of the date of the consolidated financial statements, 11 March 2014 approved by the Board of directors and was signed on behalf of the Board. General Assembly have the power to amend the financial statements.

Basis of presentation of the financial statements

The group maintaines its books of accounts and prepare its statutory financial statements in accordance with the regulation of Turkish Commercial Code and Tax Legislation.

Consolidated financial statements/TMS in order to prepare, as appropriate, assets and liabilities, contingent assets and liabilities with relation to the explanatory notes to affect certain assumptions important and requires the use of accounting estimates. These estimates, management's current events and actions within the framework based on best estimates, the actual results are different than estimated to occur. Complex and a further comment that requires assumptions and estimates to have a significant effect on the financial statements can be found. 31 December 2013 as of the date of the financial statements the assumptions used in the preparation of important and there has been no change in the accounting estimates.

Financial statements prepared according to revaluation of financial intruments and basis of historical cost.

There are not any seasonal and cyclical changes significantly affect the company's operations

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

A. Basic Standards of Presentation (continued)

<u>Comparative information, changes in accounting policies and restatement of prior period financial statements (continued)</u>

Classifications applied to consolidated financial statements as of 31 December 2012

Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements of the group's subsidiaries are reported in terms of their local currencies. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Turkish Lira ("TRY").

IAS 21 "Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates," according to the consolidation of branches and subsidiaries of the Group's assets and liabilities of foreign countries in parity with the balance sheet date are translated into Turkish Lira. The average exchange rate of the period with revenue and expense items are translated into Turkish Lira. Closing and average exchange rate differences resulting from the use of foreign currency translation differences in equity accounts are being followed.

The foreign Exchange rates that were used in exchangeing consolidating overseas activities are as follows:

		31 December 2013		31 December 2012	
		End of	Average of	End of	Average of
Name of the Commence	C	the	the Period	the	the Period
Name of the Company	Currency	<u>Period</u>		<u>Period</u>	
Katar Branch	Qatari Riyal (QAR)	0,5863	0,5223	0,4897	0,4924
Gürcistan Branch	Georgian Lari				
	(GEL)	1,2292	1,0950	1,0749	1,0809
Azerbaycan Branch	New Manat	0,2670	0,2379	0,2230	0,2243
	Ukraine Hryvnia				
Anel Ukrayna Ltd.	(UAH)	0,0651	0,0580	0,0586	0,0589
Anel Engineering-Technological					
Company Ltd.Rusya	Russian Ruble	1,4929	1,2835	1,1924	1,1685
Dag-08 Ood, Golden Sun Ood,					
Anel BG Ltd.	Bulgarian Lev	2,7206	2,4236	2,2708	2,2834
	United Arab				
Anel Emirates	Emirates Dirham	0,5691	0,5069	0,4753	0,4780

Termination of Inflation Adjusments

According to the decision of Capital Markets Board of Turkey, with the decision number 11/367 dated 17.03.2005, because of the conditions necessary for the application of IFRS 29 "Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies" were not met, the inflation accounting would not be applied for the first quarter of 2005.

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

A. Basic Standards of Presentation (continued)

<u>Comparative information, changes in accounting policies and restatement of prior period financial statements</u>

In order to allow the determination of financial position and performance of the Group are prepared in the comparative prior period consolidated financial statements of the current period. In order to comply with the presentation of the consolidated financial statements for the period necessary, comparative figures are reclassified.

Consolidated financial statements for the previous period were the following classification:
The Group financial statements for prior periods, "Other Receivables" item shown in the ongoing construction contracts of guarantee on the cuts made by the employer, since it is related to commercial activities, "Trade Receivables" classified item. Retained earnings as a result of this classification has not changed.

Classifications applied to consolidated financial statements as of 31 December 2012

Based on the decision taken on 7 June 2013 by the CMB at its meeting numbered 20/670, a new illustrative financial statement and guidance to it has been issued effective from the interim periods ended after 31 March 2013, which is applicable for the companies that are subject to Communiqué on the Principles of Financial Reporting In Capital Markets. Based on these new illustrative financial statements, a number of changes made at the Company's consolidated balance sheets. The reclassifications that are made at the Company's consolidated balance sheet as at 31 December 2012 are as:

IFRS-11 Joint Agreements," the effect of the Standard

- 1 1 January 2013 before the date of the Group's joint venture company is considered to be 1 January 2013 from the date of IAS 31% in force because of the lack of previous comparative periods in the consolidated financial statements using the proportionate consolidation method, instead of using the equity method are recognised in the income statement and the comparative period, the consolidated financial statements for the re-arranged.
- 31 December 2013 at the date of the re-organized; 31 December 2012, the with statement of financial position 1 January 31 December 2012 period in the profit or loss statement as reported previously in the financial statements of the agreement are as follows:

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

A. Basic Standards of Presentation (continued)

	Previously Reported December 31, 2012	CMB Format Change Impact	Effect of changes in IFRS 11	Restated December 31, 2012
Assets	255 152 002		(10.055.010)	244 506 062
Current Assets	355.172.803	-	(10.375.940)	344.796.863
Cash and Cash Equivalents	16.334.806	-	(677.410)	15.657.396
Trade Receivables	11 100 115		570.050	11 505 105
- Trade receivables from related parties	11.189.115	-	578.050	11.767.165
- Trade receivables from third parties	102.809.154	128.067.289	(1.472.584)	229.403.859
Other Receivables	45.005.000		4 500 055	17.070.450
- Other receivables from related parties	15.837.392	-	1.522.077	17.359.469
- Other receivables from third parties	5.882.763	-	(152.827)	5.729.936
Ongoing Construction Contracts Claims	134.334.347	(128.066.963)	(6.267.384)	
Inventories	33.039.123	-	(2.436.796)	30.602.327
Prepaid Expenses		12.634.261	-	12.634.261
Related to Current Tax Assets		4.968.460	-	4.968.460
Other Current Assets	35.746.103	(17.603.047)	(1.469.066)	16.673.990
Fixed Assets	235.720.686	-	(12.538.491)	223.182.195
Financial Assets	46.296	-	-	46.296
Other Receivables				
- Other receivables from related parties	400.000	-	-	400.000
- Other receivables from third parties	52.860	-	(2.851)	50.009
Investments accounted for by the equity method	23.268.430		(6.884.165)	16.384.265
Investment Property	120.630.071	-	-	120.630.071
Tangible Fixed Assets	28.085.377	-	(5.364.877)	22.720.500
Intangible Assets				
-Goodwill	173.385			173.385
-Other Intangible Assets	2.214.457	-	(279.256)	1.935.201
Prepaid Expenses	-	3.496.522	(3.385.097)	111.425
Deferred Tax Assets	57.353.288	-	(7.432)	57.345.946
Related to Current Tax Assets	-		3.385.097	3.385.097
Other Fixed Assets	3.496.522	(3.496.522)	<u>-</u>	
Total Assets	590.893.489	-	(22.914.431)	567.979.058

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

A. Basic Standards of Presentation (continued)

	Previously			
	Reported	~~~~	Effect of	Restated
I IADII ITIEC	December 31, 2012	CMB Format Change Impact	changes in IFRS 11	December 31, 2012
LIABILITIES Short-Term Liabilities	199.479.707	Change Impact	(22.868.413)	176.611.294
Short-Term Borrowings	34.735.936	(10.474.242)	(22.000.413)	24.261.694
Current Part of Long Term Borrowings	31.733.730	10.474.242		10.474.242
Trade Payables		1011711212		10
- Due to Related Parties	7.790.981		(7.077.335)	713.646
- Other payables to third parties	53.711.673	8.882.168	(4.971.806)	57.622.035
Employee Benefits	001,1110,0	2.108.666	(11000)	2.108.666
Ongoing Construction Contracts Claims	7.291.942	(7.291.942)		
Other Payables	7.271.742	(1.2)1.)42)		
- Due to Related Parties	5.685.541		(3.025.592)	2.659.949
- Other payables to third parties	20.190.750	(2.108.666)	(6.345.467)	11.736.617
Derivative Instruments	20.170.750	62379760	(0.545.407)	62.379.760
Government Grants and Incentives	4.224.065	02010100		4.224.065
- Employee Benefits				
- Other Short-Term Provisions	409.995		11.283	421.278
Other Current Liabilities	65.438.824	(63.969.986)	(1.459.496)	9.342
Non-Current Liabilities	144 071 227		(46.010)	144 925 209
	144.871.326 86.364.285	-	(46.018)	86.364.285
Long-Term Borrowings Trade Payables	80.304.283	-	-	80.304.283
- Due to Related Parties	160.052			160.052
- Due to Related Farties	100.032		-	100.032
Deferred Income	-	1.680.197	-	1.680.197
Long-term provisions			-	
-Employee Benefits Related to Long-Term				
Provisions	834.435		(39.949)	794.486
Deferred Tax Assets	55.832.357		(6.069)	55.826.288
Other Fixed Assets	1.680.197	(1.680.197)	-	<u>-</u>
Total Liabilities	344.351.033		(22.914.431)	321.436.602
Equity Capital	246.542.456			246.542.456
Equity Attributable to Parent	217.418.729			217.418.729
Paid-in Share Capital	110.000.000	-	-	110.000.000
Shares Related To Premiums/Discounts	1.384.433		-	1.384.433
- Revaluation and Measurement Gain / (Loss)	866.692	-	-	866.692
- Defined Benefit Plans Remeasurement				
Gains / Losses	(89.612)			(89.612)
Other Comprehensive Income or Expenses	, ,			` ,
-Foreign Currency Translation Difference	12.839.177	_	_	12.839.177
Restricted reserves allocated from profits	2.955.734	_	_	2.955.734
Retained Earnings	89.446.841	-	-	89.446.841
Profit of The Period	15.464			15.464
Non-Controlling Interests	29.123.727			29.123.727
Total Liabilities	590.893.489		(22.914.431)	567.979.058

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

A. Basic Standards of Presentation (continued)

<u>Comparative information, changes in accounting policies and restatement of prior period financial statements (continued)</u>

Classifications applied to consolidated financial statements as of 31 December 2012 (continued)

	Previously Reported December 31, 2012	CMB Format Change Impact	Effect of changes in IFRS 11	Effect of Other Classification	Restated December 31, 2012
OPERATING INCOME					
Revenue	306.981.384	-	(15.570.263)	-	291.411.121
Cost of Sales (-)	(260.380.672)	-	12.905.578	-	(247.475.094)
GROSS PROFIT/LOSS	46.600.712		(2.664.685)		43.936.027
General Administrative Expense (-)	(34.065.986)		7.921.367		(26.144.619)
Marketing and Sales Expense (-)	(1.000.957)	_	71.270	_	(929.687)
Research and Development Expenses (-)	5.680.527	(3.117.298)	(21.745)	1.396.808	3.938.292
Other Operating Income	(773.860)	-	415.536	(2.924.498)	(3.282.822)
Other Operating Expense (-)	,				,
OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS	16.440.436	(3.117.298)	5.721.743	(1.527.690)	17.517.191
Income From Investing Activities	-	3.996.588	-	-	3.996.588
Expense From Investing Activities (-)	-	(37.361)	_	-	(37.361)
Shares of Investments Valuated with					
Equity	-940548	-	(6.607.870)	-	(7.548.418)
OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS	15.499.888	841.929	- 886.127	1.527.690	13.928.000
Finance Income	34.092.381	(879.290)	(136.669)	(1.396.808)	31.679.614
Financing Expenses (-)	(39.955.417)	37.361	427.831	2.924.498	(36.565.727)
PROFIT/ (LOSS) BEFORE	9.636.852	-	(594.965)	-	9.041.887
Tax Income/(Expense) From Operating Activities					
-Tax For Period	(4.296.413)	_	4.090	_	(4.292.323)
-Deferred Tax Income/ (Expense)	(1.549.827)	-	590.875	=	(958.952)
PROFIT/ (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD	3.790.612	-	-	-	3.790.612
Allocation on Profit / (Loss) for the Period					
Non-Controlling Interests	3.775.148	-	-	-	3.775.148
Parent Company Share					

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

A. Basic Standards of Presentation (continued)

Going concern

The consolidated financial statements of the Group next year and will benefit from the activities of its assets in its natural course and prepared on the basis of business continuity under the assumption of obligations to be performed by going concern.

Netting / Offsetting

Assets and liabilities of the consolidated financial statements, IAS / IFRS has not been offset except as permitted under the mandatory. Income and expense items, but also to IAS / IFRS have been offset in the prediction context, otherwise it has not been deducted.

Consolidation Principles

Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Group has power to govern the financial and operating policies so as to benefit from its activities. Subsidiaries in which the Group owns directly or indirectly more than 50% of the voting rights, or has power to govern the financial and operating policies under a statute or agreement are consolidated. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity.

The scope of consolidation as of December 31, 2012 are as follows direct or indirect subsidiaries.

				Parent Company's Share	
				<u>(%)</u>	
	Estahblishme		<u>Currency</u>		
	nt and place				
<u>Subsidiaries</u>	of				
	organization	Core business		<u>31.12.2013</u>	<u>31.12.2012</u>
		Real Estate	Turkish		
Anel Yapı Gayrimenkul A.Ş.	Turkey	Leasing	Liras	55,07	55,07
Anel Mekanik Tesisat Taahhüt		Project	Turkish	97,00	57,00
A.Ş.	Turkey	Commitment	Liras	77,00	37,00
Anel Enerji Elek. Üretim San. Ve			Turkish		
Tic. A.Ş.	Turkey	Energy	Liras	71,87	71,87
Anel Marin Gemi Elektrik					
Elektronik. Sist. Ticaret ve Sanayi		Ship Elektirk-	Turkish		
A.Ş.	Turkey	Electronics	Liras	93,00	93,00
			Ukraine		
		Project	Hryvnia	100,00	100,00
Anel Ukrayna Ltd.	Ukrainian	Commitment	(UAH)		
Anel Dar Libya Constructing &		Project		65,00	65,00
Services LLC	Libya	Commitment	USA USD	02,00	02,00
Anel Engineering-Technological		Project		90,00	90,00
Company Ltd.Rusya	Russia	Commitment	USA USD	, 0,00	, 0,00
		_	Bulgarian	100,00	100,00
Dag-08 Ood	Bulgaria	Energy	Lev	100,00	100,00
~ ~		_	Bulgarian	100,00	100,00
Golden Sun Ood	Bulgaria	Energy	Lev	,	,
		_	Bulgarian	100,00	100,00
Anel BG Ltd	Bulgaria	Energy	Lev	100,00	100,00
	United Arab	Project		100,00	100,00
Anel Emirates	Emirates	Commitment	ABD Doları		
8					

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

A. Basic Standards of Presentation (continued)

Consolidation Principles (continued)

Regulatory principles of the consolidated balance sheet and consolidated income statement

Full Consolidation Method:

The Company and its subsidiaries paid-in capital and balance sheet items were collected. The collection process, the consolidation of the subsidiaries' receivables and payables decreased from each other.

- The consolidated balance sheet of the Company's paid in capital paid-in capital paid-in capital of subsidiaries are not included in the consolidated balance sheet.
- Consolidated subsidiaries paid / issued capital items included in the set of all equity, the parent company and its subsidiaries and the consolidated balance sheet is reduced to the amounts attributable to non-controlling interests in shareholders' equity account group and the "Minority Interests" group name is shown.
- They are subject to consolidation companies have bought each other current and non-current assets, in principle, these assets are shown at acquisition cost, which entities subject to consolidation adjustments will be made in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet prior to the sale has taken place.
- The Company's income statement and its subsidiaries are separately collected and consolidation of the process of collecting the goods and services subject to the sales of companies that they have made to each other, the total sales amounts and reduced the cost of goods sold. Consolidation of subsidiaries' stocks, profit from the trading of goods between these partnerships on the consolidated financial statements, inventories added by subtracting the cost of goods sold, cost of goods sold if the damage has been reduced by adding to inventories. Formed due to the consolidation of subsidiaries' income and expenses related to transactions with each other, mutual accounts have been eliminated.
- The net profit or loss of consolidated subsidiaries other than the shares of companies subject to the portion that corresponds to the consolidation method, the consolidated net profit for the "Minority Interests" group name is shown.
- Where necessary, other members of the Group financial statements of subsidiaries to bring the accounting policies used in the appropriate corrections were made.

Joint Ventures

Joint Ventures , the Company and its Subsidiaries and joint control by one or more other parties , to a contract for the adoption of an economic activity generated within the company refers to . Groups such joint control , he shares owned directly or indirectly by taking advantage of the offers .

Group from 1 January 2012 IFRS 11 is applied to all collective agreements . In accordance with IFRS 11, joint arrangements investments in the contractual rights and obligations of investors, depending on the are classified as joint operations or joint ventures . The Company has evaluated the type of joint arrangement and that partnership has decided . Joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method .

Changes in accounting policies, Grup'n 1 January to 31 December 2012 dated statement of financial position and statement of comprehensive income effects "Comparative Information and Restatement of Prior Period Financial Statements" section shown. Change in accounting policy has no impact on earnings per share.

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

A. Basic Standards of Presentation (continued)

Affiliates

Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method. They are 20% of the voting rights of the Group owned 50% or the Group has power to exercise control over its operations, although there are organizations that have a significant impact.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's share of associates and unrealized losses are also eliminated; process, impairment of the asset transferred there is no indication that has been corrected. Group subsidiaries in connection with the said line a without liability or commitment does not have as long as the investment in an associate carrying value of zero, or the Group 's impact on the end of the equity method is discontinued. The date that significant influence ceases carrying value of the investment, after that date, the fair value of fair value can be reliably measured at cost otherwise is indicated.

Investment in an associate or joint venture, which forms part of the carrying amount of goodwill is not recognized as separate . IAS 39 according to the provisions in investment impairment may be cases, the investment's recoverable amount (value in use and fair value less sales costs by deducting the amount that is larger than) and the book value by comparing the investment all the book value IAS 36, based on diminution in value terms as a single entity tested.

The new standards, amendments and interpretations

The accounting policies adopted in preparation of the consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2013 are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the adoption of new and amended TFRS and TFRIC interpretations effective as of 1 January 2013. The effects of these standards and interpretations on the Group's financial position and performance have been disclosed in the related paragraphs.

Standards and interpretations that are affective in 2013:

TFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities (Amendment)

The amendment requires the disclosure of the rights of the entity relating to the offsetting of the financial instruments and some information about the related regulations (e.g., collateral agreements). New disclosures would provide users of financial statements with information that is useful in

i) evaluating the effect or potential effect of netting arrangements on an entity's financial position and, ii) analyzing and comparing financial statements prepared in accordance with TFRSs and other generally accepted accounting standards.

New disclosures have to be provided for all the financial instruments in the balance sheet that have been offset according to TAS 32. Such disclosures are applicable to financial instruments in the balance sheet that have not been offset according to TAS 32 but are available for offsetting according to main applicable offsetting regulations or other financial instruments that are subject to a similar agreement. The amendment affects disclosures only and did not have any impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

TAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements (Amended) – Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income

The amendments to TAS 1 change only the grouping of items presented in other comprehensive income. Items that could be reclassified (or 'recycled') to profit or loss at a future point in time would be presented separately from items which will never be reclassified. The amendment affects presentation only and did not have an impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

A. Basic Standards of Presentation (continued)

TAS 19 Employee Benefits (Amended)

Numerous changes or clarifications are made under the amended standard. Among these numerous amendments, the most important changes are removing the corridor mechanism, for determined benefit plans recognizing actuarial gain under other comprehensive income and making the distinction between short-term and other long-term employee benefits based on expected timing of settlement rather than employee entitlement. Since the Group recognizes the actuarial gain and loss in the other comprehensive income statement, the amendment of the standard with regards to the accounting of actuarial gain/loss did not have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

TAS 27 Separate Financial Statements (Amended)

As a consequential amendment to TFRS 10 and TFRS 12, the POA also amended TAS 27, which is now limited to accounting for subsidiaries, jointly controlled entities, and associates in separate financial statements. This amendment did not have an impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

TAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (Amended)

As a consequential amendment to TFRS 11 and TFRS 12, the POA also amended TAS 28, which has been renamed TAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, to describe the application of the equity method to investments in joint ventures in addition to associates. Transitional requirement of this amendment is similar to TFRS 11. This amendment did not have an impact on the financial position or performance of the Company.

TFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements

TFRS10, TAS 27 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements address the accounting for consolidated financial statements. A new definition of control is introduced, which is used to determine which entities are consolidated. This is a principle based standard and require preparers of financial statements to exercise significant judgment. This amendment did not have an impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

TFRS 11 Joint Arrangements

The standard describes the accounting for joint ventures and joint operations with joint control. Among other changes introduced, under the new standard, proportionate consolidation is not permitted for joint ventures. This standard did not have an impact on the financial position or performance of the Company.

TFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities

TFRS 12 requires disclosures about an entity's interests in associates, joint ventures, subsidiaries and structured entities. This amendment did not have an impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

TFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement

The new Standard provides guidance on how to measure fair value under TFRS but does not change when an entity is required to use fair value. It is a single source of guidance under TFRS for all fair value measurements. The new standard also brings new disclosure requirements for fair value measurements. The new disclosures are only required for periods beginning after TFRS 13 is adopted. Some of the disclosures about the financial instruments mentioned above, have to be provided in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements according to TAS 34.16 A (j). The Group has presented these disclosures in Note 39. This amendment did not have an impact on the interim consolidated financial statements of the Company.

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

A. Basic Standards of Presentation (continued)

New and revised standards and interpretations (continued)

TFRIC 20 Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine

The Interpretation clarifies when production stripping should lead to the recognition of an asset and how that asset should be measured, both initially and in subsequent periods. This interpretation is not applicable for the Group and did not have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

Transition Guidance (Amendments to TFRS 10, TFRS 11 and TFRS 12)

The amendments change the transition guidance to provide further relief from full retrospective application. The date of initial application is defined as 'the beginning of the annual reporting period in which TFRS 10 is applied for the first time'. The assessment of whether control exists is made at 'the date of initial application' rather than at the beginning of the comparative period. If the control assessment is different between TFRS 10 and TAS 27/SIC-12, retrospective adjustments should be determined. However, if the control assessment is the same, no retrospective application is required. If more than one comparative period is presented, additional relief is given to require only one period to be restated. For the same reasons TFRS 11 and TFRS 12 has also been amended to provide transition relief. These amendments did not have an impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

Improvements to TFRSs

Annual Improvements to TFRSs -2009 - 2011 cycle, which contains amendments to its standards, is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013. This project did not have an impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

TAS 1 Financial Statement Presentation:

Clarifies the difference between voluntary additional comparative information and the minimum required comparative information.

TAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment:

Clarifies that major spare parts and servicing equipment that meet the definition of property, plant and equipment are not inventory

TAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation:

Clarifies that income taxes arising from distributions to equity holders are accounted for in accordance with IAS 12 Income Taxes. The amendment removes existing income tax requirements from IAS 32 and requires entities to apply the requirements in IAS 12 to any income tax arising from distributions to equity holders.

TAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting:

Clarifies the requirements in IAS 34 relating to segment information for total assets and liabilities for each reportable segment. Total assets and liabilities for a particular reportable segment need to be disclosed only when the amounts are regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker and there has been a material change in the total amount disclosed in the entity's previous annual financial statements for that reportable segment.

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

A. Basic Standards of Presentation (continued)

New and revised standards and interpretations (continued)

TAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation - Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial liabilities (Amended)

The amendments clarify the meaning of "currently has a legally enforceable right to set-off" and also clarify the application of the TAS 32 offsetting criteria to settlement systems (such as central clearing house systems) which apply gross settlement mechanisms that are not simultaneous. These amendments are to be retrospectively applied for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014. The Group does not expect that these amendments will have significant impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

TFRS 9 Financial Instruments - Classification and measurement

As amended in December 2012, the new standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015. Phase 1 of this new TFRS 9 introduces new requirements for classifying and measuring financial assets and liabilities. The amendments made to TFRS 9 will mainly affect the classification and measurement of financial assets and measurement of fair value option (FVO) liabilities and requires that the change in fair value of a FVO financial liability attributable to credit risk is presented under other comprehensive income. Early adoption is permitted. The Group is in the process of assessing the impact of the amendment on financial position or performance of the Group.

The new standards, amendments and interpretations that are issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) but not issued by POA

The following standards, interpretations and amendments to existing IFRS standards are issued by the IASB but not yet effective up to the date of issuance of the financial statements. However, these standards, interpretations and amendments to existing IFRS standards are not yet adapted/issued to TFRS by the POA, thus they do not constitute part of TFRS. The Group will make the necessary changes to its consolidated financial statements after the new standards and interpretations are issued and become effective under TFRS.

IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements (Amendment)

IFRS 10 is amended to provide an exception to the consolidation requirement for entities that meet the definition of an investment entity. The exception to consolidation requires investment entities to account for subsidiaries at fair value through profit or loss in accordance with IFRS 9. The Group does not expect that this amendment will have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

A. Basic Standards of Presentation (continued)

New and revised standards and interpretations (continued)

The new standards, amendments and interpretations that are issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) but not issued by POA (continued)

TFRIC Interpretation 21 Levies

The interpretation clarifies that an entity recognizes a liability for a levy when the activity that triggers payment, as identified by the relevant legislation, occurs. It also clarifies that a levy liability is accrued progressively only if the activity that triggers payment occurs over a period of time, in accordance with the relevant legislation. For a levy that is triggered upon reaching a minimum threshold, the interpretation clarifies that no liability should be recognized before the specified minimum threshold is reached. The interpretation is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014, with early application permitted. Retrospective application of this interpretation is required. The Group does not expect that this amendment will have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

IAS 36 Impairment of Assets - Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial assets (Amendment)

The IASB, as a consequential amendment to IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement, modified some of the disclosure requirements in IAS 36 Impairment of Assets regarding measurement of the recoverable amount of impaired assets. The amendments required additional disclosures about the measurement of impaired assets (or a group of assets) with a recoverable amount based on fair value less costs of disposal. The amendments are to be applied retrospectively for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014. The amendment has affected to disclosure principles. The Group does not expect that this amendment will have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement - Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting (Amendment)

In June 2013, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement that provides a narrow exception to the requirement for the discontinuation of hedge accounting in circumstances when a hedging instrument is required to be novated to a central counterparty as a result of laws or regulations. The amendments are to be applied retrospectively for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014. The Group does not expect that this amendment will have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments – Hedge Accounting and amendments to IFRS 9, IFRS 7 and IAS 39 -IFRS 9 (2013)

In November 2013, the IASB issued a new version of IFRS 9, which includes the new hedge accounting requirements and some related amendments to IAS 39 and IFRS 7. Entities may make an accounting policy choice to continue to apply the hedge accounting requirements of IAS 39 for all of their hedging transactions. The standard does not have a mandatory effective date, but it is available for application now; a new mandatory effective date will be set when the IASB completes the impairment phase of its project on the accounting for financial instruments. The Group is in the process of assessing the impact of the amendment on financial position or performance of the Group.

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

A. Basic Standards of Presentation (continued)

New and revised standards and interpretations (continued)

Improvements to IFRSs

In December 2013, the IASB issued two cycles of Annual Improvements to IFRSs – 2010–2012 Cycle and IFRSs – 2011–2013 Cycle. Other than the amendments that only affect the standards' Basis for Conclusions, the changes are effective as of 1 July 2014. Earlier application is permitted.

Annual Improvements to IFRSs – 2010–2012 Cycle

IFRS 2 Share-based Payment:

Definitions relating to vesting conditions have changed and performance condition and service condition are defined in order to clarify various issues. The amendment is effective prospectively.

IFRS 3 Business Combinations

Contingent consideration in a business acquisition that is not classified as equity is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss whether or not it falls within the scope of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments. The amendment is effective for business combinations prospectively.

IFRS 8 Operating Segments

The changes are as follows: i) Operating segments may be combined/aggregated if they are consistent with the core principle of the standard. ii) The reconciliation of segment assets to total assets is only required to be disclosed if the reconciliation is reported to the chief operating decision maker. The amendments are effective retrospectively.

IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement Decision Requirements

As clarified in the Basis for Conclusions, short-term receivables and payables with no stated interest rates can be held at invoice amounts when the effect of discounting is immaterial. The amendment is effective immediately.

IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment and IAS 38 Intangible Assets

The amendment to IAS 16.35(a) and IAS 38.80(a) clarifies that revaluation can be performed, as follows: i) Adjust the gross carrying amount of the asset to market value or ii) determine the market value of the carrying amount and adjust the gross carrying amount proportionately so that the carrying amount equals to the market value. The amendment is effective retrospectively.

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

A. Basic Standards of Presentation (continued)

New and revised standards and interpretations (continued)

Improvements to IFRSs

Annual Improvements to IFRSs – 2010–2012 Cycle

IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures

The amendment clarifies that a management entity – an entity that provides key management personnel services – is a related party subject to the related party disclosures. The amendment is effective retrospectively.

Annual Improvements to IFRSs - 2011-2013 Cycle

IFRS 3 Business Combinations

The amendment clarifies that: i) Joint arrangements are outside the scope of IFRS 3, not just joint ventures ii) The scope exception applies only to the accounting in the financial statements of the joint arrangement itself. The amendment is effective prospectively.

IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement

The portfolio exception in IFRS 13 can be applied to the contracts within the context of IAS 39, not just financial assets and financial liabilities. The amendment is effective prospectively.

IAS 40 Investment Property

The amendment clarifies the interrelationship of IFRS 3 and IAS 40 when classifying property as investment property or owner-occupied property. The amendment is effective prospectively. The group, the financial status of the standard and in the process of assessing the impact on the performance.

Resolutions promulgated by the Public Oversight Authority

In addition to those mentioned above, the POA has promulgated the following resolutions regarding the implementation of Turkish Accounting Standards. "The financial statement examples and user guide" became immediately effective at its date of issuance; however, the other resolutions shall become effective for the annual reporting periods beginning after 31 December 2012.

2013-1 Financial Statement Examples and User Guide

The POA promulgated "financial statement examples and user guide" on May 20, 2013 in order to ensure the uniformity of financial statements and facilitate their audit. The financial statement examples within this framework were published to serve as an example to financial statements to be prepared by companies obliged to apply Turkish Accounting Standards, excluding financial institutions established to engage in banking, insurance, private pensions or capital market. The Group has made the classification stated in Note 2.A in order to comply with the requirements of this regulation.

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

A. Basic Standards of Presentation (continued)

New and revised standards and interpretations (continued)

2013-2 Accounting of Combinations under Common Control

In accordance with the resolution it has been decided that i) combination of entities under common control should be recognized using the pooling of interest method, ii) and thus, goodwill should not be included in the financial statements and iii) while using the pooling of interest method, the financial statements should be prepared as if the combination has taken place as of the beginning of the reporting period in which the common control occurs and should be presented comparatively from the beginning of the reporting period in which the common control occurred.

2013-3 Accounting of Redeemed Share Certificates

Clarification has been provided on the conditions and circumstances when the redeemed share certificates shall be recognized as a financial liability or equity based financial instruments. This resolution did not have any impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

2013-4 Accounting of Cross Shareholding Investments

If a subsidiary of an entity holds shares of the entity then this is defined as cross shareholding investment. Accounting of this cross investment is assessed based on the type of the investment and different recognition principles adopted accordingly. With this resolution, this topic has been assessed under three main headings below and the recognition principles for each one of them has been determined. i) the subsidiary holding the equity based financial instruments of the parent,

- ii) the associates or joint ventures holding the equity based financial instruments of the parent
- iii) the parent's equity based financial instruments are held by an entity, which is accounted as an investment within the scope of TAS 39 and TFRS 9 by the parent.

This resolution did not have any impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

B. Changes in Accounting Policies

The Group's financial position, performance or cash flows of the effects of transactions and events on the financial statements to be presented in a more convenient and reliable way will affect the quality there has not been any changes in the accounting policies. A change in the accounting policies applied are not foreseen in the near future.

C. Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors

Changes in accounting estimates, if only for one period, changes are made in the current period, if they relate to future periods, as well as in the period of change in future periods, are applied prospectively. Group in the current year has not been any significant changes in accounting estimates.

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

D. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Revenues

Sales revenue, giving the product or service delivery, the product is transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards, the amount of revenue can be measured reliably and the economic benefits will flow to the Group it is probable that the fair value received or receivable recorded on an accrual basis is taken.

Sale of Goods

Group parties to the transaction is considered to make reliable estimates after it has agreed upon the following:

- (a) Will be presented by the parties and each party's enforceable rights regarding the service,
- (b) Service charge,
- (c) Payment terms and conditions.

However, the amount already included in revenue when an uncertainty arises about the availability of charged, which can not be collected or to be likely to be charged on the amount of revenue originally recognized as an expense rather than correcting the consolidated financial statements

Service Delivery:

Income from service delivery agreement books accordingly degree of completion of the agreement. Degree of completion of the agreement as follows:

- Setup fees books accordingly degree of completion of the setup. Degree of completion specified by the rate of elapsed time as of balance sheet date to estimated time for setup completion.
- Service fees added to price of goods sold books accordingly total cost of service provided for goods sold.

Construction contract activities

Contract revenue and expenses of the construction contract can be estimated reliably when the right of return, as an item of income and expense are recorded. Contract revenues are recognized in the financial statements on the percentage of completion method. As the period of the total contract costs incurred to total estimated cost of the contract rate of completion of the contract and this ratio is the percentage of current total revenue earned during the period of the contract is used reflecting the part of the financial statements.

Type of revenue from cost plus contracts, records cost calculated on the profit margin reflected.

Contract costs include all raw - material and direct labor costs, indirect labor costs related to contract performance, materials, and indirect costs, such as repairs and depreciation costs. Selling, general and administrative expenses are expensed as occurred. Provisions for estimated losses on uncompleted contracts, divided into periods such losses are determined. Job performance, job conditions and estimated profitability of the contract penalty provisions and final contract settlements may result in revisions to costs and income changes that. The effects of revisions are reflected in the consolidated financial statements. Profit incentives are included in revenues when realization is reasonably assured.

Due to ongoing construction contracts, income is reflected in the consolidated financial statements is on how the invoice amount, progress billings on uncompleted contracts of the invoice amount is above shows how much income is reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

Rental Income:

Rental income from vehicles books with linear method during agreement time.

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

D. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Dividend and interest income:

Dividend income from equity investments, when the Group's right to receive dividend (the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be measured reliably, as long as) is recorded.

The interest income from financial assets, economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be measured reliably are recognized as long. Interest income, with the remaining balance to be achieved through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount that discounts estimated future cash receipts and at the effective interest rate.

Inventories

As held for sale in the ordinary course of business, which is produced to be sold or used in the production process or the provision of services in the form of raw materials assets shown in the castle. Muhasebeleştirilinceye stock up on advances given are classified as other current assets.

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The cost of inventories of all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition involves. The costs of conversion of inventories, such as direct labor costs related to production costs. These costs are also incurred in converting raw materials and finished goods material in a systematic allocation of fixed and variable production overheads that include the amounts.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale shall be obtained by deducting total. Stocks in the financial statements, use or sales can not be tracked at a price higher than the amount expected to be achieved as a result. The net realizable value of inventories is less than cost, inventories are reduced to net realizable value and are recognized as an expense in the income statement in the year when the impairment. That caused inventories to be written down to net realizable value before conditions or evidence of an increase in net realizable value because of changed economic circumstances cases, impairment loss is canceled. The previously recognized impairment loss is limited to the amount of the canceled amount (Note 13).

Group, the calculation of cost of inventories "weighted average cost method 'used.

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

D. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Tangible Fixed Assets

Group for use in the production or supply of goods and services, for rental to others (except for property, plant and equipment) or to be used for administrative purposes intended to be used over a period of physical items held within the framework of the cost model, the cost values are expressed.

The initial cost of property, plant and purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, plant and equipment are comprised of expenses incurred to make the asset ready for use. After the start of use of tangible property, such as repair and maintenance expenditures are reported in the income statement as an expense as incurred. Expenditure on the future use of the property and equipment expenditures that have resulted in an increased economic value added to the cost of the asset.

Leasehold improvements include the expenses for leased properties and useful life of the lease agreement for the duration of the rental period is longer in cases, where the short is depreciated over their useful lives.

Depreciation of tangible fixed assets are separated from the date that is ready for use. Depreciation in the period in which the related assets will continue to idle.

The useful life and depreciation method are reviewed on a regular basis, depending on the method and period of depreciation on that asset's economic benefits are sought and the necessary corrective action in line with the provision (Note 17).

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

D. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Tangible Fixed Assets (continued)

Revaluation Model

The production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes are held in use of land and buildings are stated at revalued. Revalued amount, being the fair value at the date of revaluation subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment is determined by subtracting. Balance sheet date, the carrying amount of the revaluations will not differ from the fair value is determined by the way is done at regular intervals.

Tangible fixed assets are stated at revalued amount of land and buildings are reported. The fair value of buildings is determined by independent valuation company licensed by the CMB. Revalued amount, the date of the revaluation at fair value, any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses are through. The corresponding increases in value are reported in equity is revalued.

If the carrying amount of an asset is increased after revaluation, the increase is recognized in other comprehensive income and directly in equity revaluation account under the name of the group are collected. However, a revaluation, the same asset previously associated with the revaluation gain or loss is recognized in income largely reversed reception.

If the carrying amount of an asset is low as a result of revaluation, the decrease is recognized as an expense. However, the decrease in other comprehensive income in the asset revaluation surplus in respect of the extent of any credit balance recognized in scope. Recognized in other comprehensive income and the decrease reduces the amount accumulated in equity under the heading of revaluation surplus (Note 17).

Depreciation of revalued buildings is recognized in the statement of income. Sale or retirement of a revalued property, the remaining balance in the revaluation reserve is transferred directly to retained earnings. No release of off-balance sheet assets, are not transferred from revaluation reserve to retained earnings.

Rental or administrative purposes, or for purposes not yet determined the course of construction assets are carried at cost less any recognized impairment loss. The cost of legal fees are also included. Such assets, the depreciation method used for other fixed assets, as well as when they are ready for use are depreciated.

Machinery and equipment, at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, on the same basis.

Cost Method

Tangible fixed assets are reported at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, on the same basis.

Rental or administrative purposes, or for purposes not yet determined the course of construction assets are carried at cost less any recognized impairment loss. The cost of legal fees are also included. Such assets, the depreciation method used for other fixed assets, as well as when they are ready for use are depreciated.

Land and construction in progress, except for the cost of tangible fixed assets to their estimated useful lives are amortized using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at each year for the possible effects of changes in estimates if a change in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

Disposal of tangible fixed assets of the asset, or a gain or loss arising on the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is included in the income statement is determined.

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

D. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Intangible Assets

Purchase of intangible assets

Purchased intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. These assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful life and the depreciation method, in order to determine the possible effects of changes in estimates are reviewed each year and changes in estimates are accounted for prospectively.

Software

Acquired computer software, buying during the acquisition and capitalized on the costs incurred until ready for use. These costs, estimated useful lives (5-10 years) are amortized.

Derecognition of intangible assets

An intangible asset through use or sale of disposed of or when no future economic benefits are expected from the case of statement of financial position (balance sheet) is disabled. An intangible asset statement of financial position (balance sheet) disconnection of the profit or loss, if any, to the disposal of assets is calculated as the difference between the net book value of collections. This difference is related assets statement of financial position (balance sheet) is recognized in profit or loss when taken out.

Investment Property

Investment property, rental income and / or capital appreciation is held in order to obtain the cost of the initial values and are measured at cost, including transaction. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment property, which reflects market conditions at the reporting date are measured at fair value.

Investment properties are sold or become unusable and the sale in the event of any future economic benefit is derecognized. The retirement or disposal of an investment property and the profit / loss is included in the income statement in the period.

Fair Value Method

Group, after the initial recognition process, and all have chosen the fair value model for investment property at fair value measured by the method (Note 16).

From the change in fair value of investment property gain or loss is included in profit or loss in the period.

Transfers are made when there is a change in use of the investment property. Monitored on the basis of the fair value of investment property, owner occupied property is a transfer to the transfer, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting, the fair value of the aforementioned property at the date of change in use. Owner-occupied property, will be shown on the basis of the fair value of an investment property in the event of conversion, the company, up to the date of change in use "Tangible Fixed Assets" applies the accounting policies applied.

In their use of the tangible assets of the Group are presented in the real estate.

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

D. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Impairment of Assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortization of goodwill. These assets are tested for impairment annually. The carrying value of assets subject to amortization may not be recoverable in the event of a situation or events are reviewed for impairment. If the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount of the asset is recognized for the impairment. The recoverable amount is fair value less costs to sell or value in use is the one obtained. For purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest level of identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting

Leases

Financial Leasing

- The Group as the leesee

The Group substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of tangible assets taken on lease, are classified as finance leases. Financial leases are subject to finance lease at the inception of the lease at the fair value of fixed assets at the lower of the present value basis are included in tangible assets by taking. Arising from lease financing costs over the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate is spread over the lease term. In addition, leased fixed assets based on estimated useful lives are amortized through. A reduction in value of fixed assets subject to finance lease impairment provision is recognized if detected. Finance lease liabilities and related interest expense and foreign exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss statement. Lease payments from finance lease liabilities are deducted. Operating Lease

- The group as the lessee

A significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor that leases, are classified as operating leases. Under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor after) the payments made, straight-line basis over the lease term on the profit or loss is recognized as an expense in the statement. The Group's activities conducted their own offices and warehouses are located in the business center, rent expense during the period of the lease expense is comprised of branches located in Baku.

- The group as the lessor

In an operating lease, the leased assets, property, land and investment properties held, except to the consolidated statement of financial position of tangible assets are classified and the resulting rental income during the leasing period in equal amounts in the consolidated profit or loss reflected in the statement. Straight-line basis over the lease term rental income in the consolidated profit or loss are recognized in the statement. His capacity as lessor if the lease agreements become a party to the main building where the Group operates and other non-consolidated group companies of investment properties and other non-group companies stems from a rented office and warehouse .

Borrowing Costs and Funds

Require significant time to get ready for use or sale assets (qualifying assets) when it comes to the acquisition, construction or production of directly attributable costs of the asset until the asset is ready for use or sale, are added to the cost.

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

D. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Related Parties

Related parties of the Group's shareholding, contractual rights, the opposite side of the family relationship or otherwise, directly or indirectly, control or significantly influence the team includes a. The accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Group companies are owned by shareholders and the shareholders of which are known to be associated with key management personnel and other companies are defined as related parties.

Presence of one of the following criteria, are considered related party to the Group:

- i) use directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries:
- The Group controls, or is controlled by the Group
- Is under common control with the Group (parent, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries, including the same);
- Has an interest in the Group that gives it significant influence over, or has joint control over the Group;
- ii) the party is an associate of the Group;
- iii) the party is a joint venture of the Group is a venturer;
- iv) the party is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or its parent;
- v) the (i) or (iv) above, any individual is a close family member;
- vi) the entity that is controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by, or (iv) or (v) directly or indirectly, any individual referred to in Articles important to have an entity that is entitled to vote, or
- vii) the party is an entity that is a related party of the company or for the benefit of employees of the entity must have plans.

Related party transactions between related parties, resources, services or obligations, regardless of whether a price is charged transfer (Note 38).

Financial Instruments

Financial assets

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss of the ones which are classified as financial assets recognized at fair value and the fair market value of the total price of the acquisition is recognized directly attributable transaction costs. The investment within the timeframe established by the market concerned is under a contract require delivery of the related assets as a result of the purchase or sale of financial assets, are recognized or derecognized on trade date.

"Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Financial assets", "held to maturity investments", "available-for-sale financial assets" and "loans and receivables". Classification of financial assets depending on the purpose and specifications, is determined at initial recognition.

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

D. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Financial Instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

The effective interest method

The effective interest method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial asset and of allocating the interest income related to the Respective period. The effective interest rate for the expected life of the financial instrument or, where Appropriate, a shorter period of time, the sum of the estimated cash flow, net present value of the related financial assets.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss on financial assets, except calculated by using the effective interest method.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

At fair value through profit or loss are financial assets are financial assets held for trading purposes. A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of disposal. Against financial risk, derivative instruments are designated as effective hedging instruments which embody the fair value of financial assets classified as financial assets at fair value through profit.

Financial assets held to maturity

That the Group has the intention and ability to hold to maturity, with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity debt securities are classified as held to maturity investments. Held to maturity investments are recorded at amortized cost using effective interest method less impairment, with revenue recognized is calculated using the effective interest method.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Held by the Group that are traded in an active market with quoted equity instruments and certain debt securities are classified as available-for-sale financial assets are stated at fair value. Are not quoted in an active market and the Group's unlisted equity instruments classified as available for sale financial assets, but the fair values can be reliably measured are measured at cost. Impairment losses recognized in income statement, interest calculated using the effective interest method and foreign exchange losses on monetary assets, profit / loss amount, except for gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated financial assets revaluation reserve. If the investment is sold or impaired, the accumulated financial assets revaluation reserve total profit / loss is reclassified.

Dividends on available-for-sale equity instruments are recognized in profit or loss when the Group has the right to receive dividends.

Available-for-sale monetary assets denominated in a foreign currency fair value is determined in that foreign currency and translated at the spot rate at the end of the reporting period. Foreign exchange gains recognized in the statement of income / losses are determined based on the amortized cost of a financial asset. Other foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income.

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

D. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Financial Instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Loans and receivables

With fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in trade and other receivables are classified as loans. Loans and receivables are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment is shown.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, a financial asset or group of financial assets At each reporting date whether there are indicators of impairment are assessed. After the initial recognition of the financial asset, or where there is more than one occurrence of the event of the financial asset or group of assets that can be reliably estimated future cash flows of the financial asset may be impaired as a result of the negative impact on the objective evidence of impairment loss is recognized when there is . For financial assets carried at amortized cost less impairment of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate of the financial asset is calculated by the difference between the carrying amount and the present value.

Carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account, except for trade receivables, all financial assets are deducted from the carrying amount of the related financial asset impairment. Trade receivables can not be collected by deducting the amount of the reserve account will be deleted. Changes in the allowance account are recognized in the income statement.

Available-for-sale equity instruments, except for the period after the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss when the carrying value of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed in case of muhasabeleştirilmemiş reach does not exceed what the amortized cost profit or loss to be canceled.

Available-for-sale equity securities, any increase in fair value subsequent to an impairment loss recognized directly in equity.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, demand deposits with original maturities of 3 months from the date of acquisition is less than 3 months, the risk of significant value change readily convertible to cash and other short-term highly liquid investments.

Financial liabilities

The Group's financial liabilities and equity instruments, the contractual arrangements, the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument classified on the basis of. Assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities equity instrument is any contract that right. For specific financial liabilities and equity instruments accounting policies set out below.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or other financial liabilities are classified as financial liabilities.

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

D. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Financial Instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, are recognized at fair value at each reporting period and at the balance sheet date the fair value is revalued. Changes in fair value, are recognized in the income statement. Net gains or losses are recognized in the income statement, include the amount of interest paid on the financial liability.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities, including borrowings, are initially measured at fair value net of transaction costs.

Other financial liabilities are subsequently at amortized cost using the effective interest rate and are accounted for at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

The effective interest method, calculating the amortized cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense associated period. The effective interest rate for the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period of time, if appropriate, the estimated future cash payments net present value of the financial liability.

Trade Payables

Trade payables in the ordinary activities of the suppliers of goods and services provided refers to payments to be made on. Trade payables are initially and subsequently at fair value calculated at the effective interest method are measured at amortized cost (Note 9).

Business Combinations and Goodwill

Business Combinations

Purchase of property, using the purchase method are accounted for. The consideration transferred in a business combination is its fair value is measured at cost being transferred, the acquirer acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the acquirer to former owners of the debts incurred by the acquired entity and are calculated as the sum of the equity interests issued by the acquirer. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognized as an expense.

The identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognized at their fair values at the acquisition date. In this way are not recognized as provided below:

- Deferred income tax assets or liabilities or assets related to employee benefits or liabilities, respectively, IAS 12 Income Taxes and IAS 19 Employee Benefits in accordance with the standards recognized and measured;
- The acquired entity's share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree or share-based payment arrangements of the Group signed a share-based payment arrangements intended to replace liabilities or equity instruments related to the acquisition date are accounted for in accordance with IFRS 2 Share-based Payment Arrangements, and
- IFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations are classified as held for sale in accordance with current assets (or disposal groups) that are recognized in accordance with the requirements of IFRS at 5.

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

D. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Business Combinations (continued)

Goodwill is the consideration transferred for the acquisition, non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and if you have, if any, of the acquirer in a business combination achieved in stages, previously of the total fair value of the equity interest in the acquiree, on the purchase date of the acquiree's identifiable assets, and net liabilities assumed exceeds the amount calculated as described. After reassessment, the acquiree's identifiable assets and assumed on acquisition of net identifiable liabilities, transferred to the purchase price, and the non-controlling interest in the acquiree, if any, in the acquiree prior to the acquisition exceeds the sum of the fair value of the shares, the amount directly as a gain on bargain purchase in profit / loss recognized.

The consideration transferred by the Group in a business combination, contingent consideration included cases, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition-date fair value and the consideration transferred in a business combination are included. Arising during the measurement period as a result of the additional information you need to fix the fair value of the contingent consideration, the amendment retroactively adjusted for goodwill. The measurement period following the date of the merger, the period adjustments are adjustments that the provisional amounts recognized in the acquirer in a business combination. This period can not be more than 1 year from date of purchase.

The fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments. The subsequent accounting for changes, depends on how the contingent consideration is classified. Contingent consideration is classified as equity is not remeasured and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability is the nature of financial instruments and IAS 39, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement In the presence of the scope of the standard, the contingent consideration is measured at fair value and gains or losses arising from changes in profit or loss or in other comprehensive income accounted for. Those who are not within the scope of IAS 39, IAS 37 and are accounted for in accordance with IFRS or other appropriate provisions.

Acquired in a business combination achieved in stages, the Group's previously held equity interest to fair value at the acquisition date (ie the date when the Group obtains control) is measured again, and if the resulting gain / loss in profit / loss accounted for. Prior to the date of acquisition recognized in other comprehensive income amounts arising from interests in the acquiree, under the assumption that interest were disposed of the profit / loss is transferred.

The initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period when the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. During the measurement period, are adjusted during the measurement period, or may have an effect on the amounts recognized at the acquisition date and the date on events and situations that arise, resulting in additional assets or liabilities are recognized to reflect new information.

Business combinations prior to January 1, 2010, accounted for in accordance with the previous version of IFRS 3.Betterment.

Goodwill

The amount of goodwill arising from the purchase process, if any, after the date of purchase, at cost less accumulated impairment losses valued.

For purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is expected to benefit from the synergies of the merger of the Group's cash-generating units (or groups of cash-generating unit) is dealt.

Cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated, are tested for impairment annually.

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

D. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Foreign Currency Transactions

The individual financial statements of each Group entity are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment (functional currency) are presented. Each entity's financial position and operating results of the Company's functional currency and the presentation currency for the consolidated financial statements are expressed in TL.

During the preparation of the financial statements of the individual entities, in foreign currencies (currencies other than TL) the transactions are recorded at the rates prevailing on the date. Balance sheet foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated into New Turkish Lira at the exchange rates prevailing at the dates. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies at fair value are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date specified. Non-monetary items measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences, except to the extent specified below, are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which:

- Which relate to assets under construction for future productive use, and an adjustment to interest costs on foreign currency borrowings are regarded as foreign exchange differences are included in the cost of those assets,
- Foreign currency risks (see accounting policies are described below in order to hedge against) Exchange differences on transactions entered into in order to hedge,
- Form part of the net investment in foreign operation, net investment in a foreign operation and the profit or loss associated with the sale, without intention or possibility of payment of monetary payables and receivables arising from foreign exchange differences arising from the activities.
- -Earnings Per Share Earnings Per Share from Continuing Operations

Earnings per share Earnings / loss amount, profit / loss, earnings per share from continuing operations / loss amount, the continuing operations profit / loss for the period of time in the Company's shares is calculated by dividing the weighted average number of common shares.

In Turkey, companies, existing shareholders from retained earnings distributing "bonus shares" by way of earnings. This type of "bonus share" distributions, earnings per share, are regarded as issued shares. Accordingly, the weighted average number of shares used in the calculations, giving retroactive effect to the stock in question is taken into consideration.

The calculation of earnings per share, will make the necessary corrections to the dilution effect of potential shares of preferred stock, or None (Note 37).

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

D. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Events after the Balance Sheet Date

Events after the balance sheet date, the approval date of the publication of the balance sheet date of the consolidated financial statements, the Company refers to events that occur in favor or against. Whether to make a correction, according to the two types of situations can be identified:

- Adjusting events after the balance sheet, showing evidence of conditions that existed at the reporting date on situations in which the conditions,
- About the events that are indicative of conditions that arose after the balance sheet date (non-adjusting events after the balance sheet)

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Group, has been recognized adjusting events after balance sheet date and non-adjusting events after the balance sheet notes (Note 41).

Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Provisions

There is a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and resources embodying economic benefits to settle the obligation and it is probable that they kept the company is expected to have a safe manner in the event of liability should be recognized in the consolidated financial statements. The provisions of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date, with the most realistic estimates calculated by the Company's management and are discounted to present value where the effect is material.

Contingent Liabilities

Obligations under this group, within the control of the entity arising from past events, and the presence of one or more uncertain future events on the realization of the non-existence will be confirmed as the assessed liabilities Contingent liabilities are not included in the consolidated financial statements. Because, to settle the obligation, have the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or the amount of obligation can not be measured with sufficient reliability. Too far from the entity of resources embodying economic benefits likely to come out, unless the notes to the consolidated financial statements show that conditional obligations (Note 24).

Contingent Assets

The Group within the control of the entity arising from past events, and the presence of one or more uncertain events, which will be confirmed by the realization of assets, is considered as a contingent asset. If an inflow of resources embodying economic benefits is not certain contingent assets described in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be part of the cases, which shall be collected by third parties, it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the event can be measured reliably, are recognized and reported as an asset

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

D. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Financial Information Segment Reporting

Reportable segment information required to be disclosed is a business segment or geographical segment . Industrial segments of a particular commodity or service or group of related goods or services , or to provide benefits in terms of risk and different from other parts of the Group are the features section . Geographical segments provide products or services within a particular economic environment of the Group and the risks and benefits in terms of the economic environment to another with different characteristics from those of components operating in other chapters .

The Group mainly abroad and in Turkey , electrical and mechanical project contracting, real estate in Turkey chartering, ship power electronics and solar energy in the areas in which it operates financial information for the segmental reporting this that performs the operations of the companies restructured by the electrical and mechanical project contracting, real estate leasing , power electronics and energy are reported under the headings of the ship .

Group management for the purposes geographically Turkey, Qatar , Georgia, Ukraine, Russia, Bulgaria, Saudi Arabia , Azerbaijan and the United Arab Emirates is divided into 9 sections including (Note 5).

Government Grants and Incentives

Government grants, donations will be received and the Group is obliged to comply with a reasonable assurance that it meets the conditions is recognized at the fair value (Note 22).

Government grants relating to costs, costs will meet their match in a consistent manner throughout the period is recognized as income.

Government grants relating to tangible fixed assets, non-current liabilities as deferred government grants and are classified under the straight-line basis over their useful lives are recorded as receivables in the statement of profit or loss.

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

D. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Taxation and Deferred Income Taxes

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in the statement of profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity. In such case, the tax is also recognized in shareholders' equity. (Note 35).

The current income tax charge is calculated in accordance with the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the subsidiaries of the Group operate.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying values in the consolidated financial statements. Currently enacted tax rates are used to determine deferred income tax at the balance sheet date.

The principal temporary differences arise from the carrying values of property, plant and equipment and available-for-sale-investments and their historical costs, various provisions and unused tax allowances and exemptions.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, where deferred tax assets resulting from deductible temporary differences are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities, and deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Employee Benefits and Severance Pay

Employment termination benefits, as required by the Turkish Labor Law and the laws applicable in the countries where the subsidiaries operate, represent the estimated present value of the total reserve of the future probable obligation of the Company arising in case of the retirement of the employees, termination of employment without due cause, call for military service, be retired or death upon the completion of a minimum one year service. Provision which is allocated by using defined benefit pension's current value is calculated by using prescribed liability method. Actuarial gains and losses are recognized as other comprehensive income or loss in shareholders' equity in the period in which they arise (Note 25).

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

D. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Reporting of cash flows

The Company's net assets, financial structure, and the ability to affect the amounts and timing of cash flows, financial statement users to provide information about the cash flow statement holds. Cash flow statement, cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities are classified. Cash flows from operating activities, cash flows from operating activities of the Company. From investing activities Cash flows from investing activities (fixed asset investments and financial investments) and the cash flows. Cash flows related to financing activities, the resources used in financing activities of the Company and repayments. Cash and cash equivalents include cash, bank deposits and investments that are readily convertible into cash at short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Dividends

Ordinary shares, are classified as equity. Dividends payable are declared as an element of profit in the period are reflected as liabilities in the financial statements.

E. Evaluation of Significant Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of consolidated financial statements requires management to affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities in the balance sheet at the date of the possible liabilities and commitments and the amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period required to make certain assumptions and estimates. These estimates and assumptions are based on management's best knowledge of current events and transactions despite the actual results may vary. Estimates are revised regularly and any necessary corrections are made and are reflected in the income statement in the periods. Critical judgments in applying the Group's accounting policies Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in the process of applying the accounting policies specified in management, with a significant impact on the amounts recognized in the financial statements (other than the estimates discussed below) made the following comments:

Percentage of Completion

The Group uses the percentage of completion method in accounting for construction contracts. According to this method, a specific charge for contract work performed to date estimate of the total cost of the contract rate is calculated.

Income tax

The Group operates in various tax jurisdictions and these countries are subject to applicable tax legislation and tax laws. The use of significant estimates in determining the Group's income tax provision is required. Group tax liabilities and the deferred financial losses arising from the use of the estimated tax provision. When the final tax consequences, actual amounts could differ materially from those estimated at the balance sheet date and the income tax provision for the records can fix.

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

E. Evaluation of Significant Accounting Estimates and Assumptions (continued)

Estimated impairment of goodwill

Group, 2 / D. Summary of significant accounting policies in accordance with the accounting policy stated in note each year, the amount of goodwill is tested for impairment. The recoverable amounts of cash generating units, was determined by calculating the value in use. These calculations require the use of estimates (Note 20). Anel in 2012 Telecommunications and Electronic Systems Industry and Trade Co. 'there is no impairment of the wholesale cash-generating unit.

The estimates used in the main notes are as follows:

Not 9 - Trade Receivables

Not 14 – Construction Contracts

Note 24 - Provisions, contingent assets and liabilities

Note 26 - Provisions for Employee benefits

Note 36 - Tax assets and liabilities

3.BUSINESS COMBINATION

Get Subsidiaries

	Field of the Activity	Purchase Date	Participation share (%)	The consideration transferred
Anel Mekanik Tesisat Taahhüt A.Ş.	Project Commitment	24.06.2013	97	6.662.640 TL

As of the date of purchase of assets acquired and the liabilities assumed

Prior to buying 57% in the Group's subsidiaries which purchase new shares after the share was 97%. Subsidiaries in prior periods financial statements have been included with the full consolidation method. Therefore, a new process of acquisition, the assets acquired and liabilities incurred has not led to any changes in the amounts. Non-controlling interest.

Get 3% in subsidiary non-controlling interests, the company received during the calculation of the goodwill of the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities have been accounted for by the ratio.

Goodwill arising during purchase

	Subsidiaries
The consideration transferred	6.662.640
Plus: Non-controlling interest	131.371
Less: Get the Company's Net Assets at Fair Value	(1.096.139)
Goodwill	7.890.150

The consideration transferred for the acquisition will create synergies, revenue growth and future market growth and the benefits to be received as a result of the company's work force are also included. Because of these benefits meet the criteria for identifiable assets have not been recognized separately from goodwill.

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

3.BUSINESS COMBINATION (continued)

The effect of the acquisition on the Group result

This business combination had taken place on 1 January 2013 was the Group's revenue related to continuing operations unchanged, although the resulting net profit from continuing operations would have been TL 588.071. The Company manages these pro-forma combined figures provide an estimate on the group's annual performance and create a reference in future periods are expecting that to make comparisons.

4. JOINT VENTURES

Which came into force from 1 January 2013 IFRS -11 " Joint Arrangements" standard IAS 31 " Interests in Joint Ventures " standard has been completely remove the application . The new joint arrangements standard; joint operations and joint ventures and partnerships as divided into two categories accounted for using the equity method is imperative to keep .

In this context, the Group's jointly controlled Anelmep Maintenance and Operations LLC , Anel Kingdom of Saudi Arabia , Turkges Energy Electricity Generation Industry and Trade . Co., Avek Solar Manufacturing Industry Trade Co., Energi to OOO Bonev and Anel - Sera Joint Venture IAS - 28 " Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures " standard according to the equity method accounted for by the by has restated (Note 2). This company Explanations are given in note 15 .

The Group's subsidiaries' business activities, information on the country of registration and ownership rates are disclosed in Note 1.

5.SEGMENT REPORTING

By the chief operating decision-making authority determined the operating segments based on internal reports that are regularly reviewed. The competent authority of the board of directors and general manager of the Group's decision-making.

The competent authority to decide the Group, to make decisions about resources to be allocated to departments and divisions in order to evaluate the performance and results of operations on a product basis and examines the basis of geographical distribution. The distribution of the Group's product lines are as follows: Electrical and mechanical project contracting, real estate leasing, ship electrical and electronics, and energy. Revenue of the Group's reportable operating segments are largely businesses committed.

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(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

5.SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

			Electrical			
	Project	Property	and		Consolidation	
31.12.2013	Commitment	Rental	Electronics	Energy	Adjustments	Total
Net Revenue Non-Group	443.862.383	9.759.260	566.141	5.553.153	-	459.740.937
Group revenue	11.372.476	553.565	14.404	34.101	(11.974.546)	_
Total Net Revenue	455.234.859	10.312.825	580.545	5.587.254	(11.974.546)	459.740.937
Cost of Sales (-)	(414.170.487)	(1.842)	(681.408)	(3.306.877)	11.645.635	(408.355.927)
Gross Profit / Loss	41.064.372	10.310.983	(100.863)	2.280.377	(328.911)	51.385.010
General and Administrative Expenses (-)	(21.479.190)	(1.214.360)	(279.242)	(1.682.162)	704.098	(23.950.856)
Marketing, Sales and Distribution Expenses						
(-)	-	-	-	(625.853)	-	(625.853)
Other Operating Income	11.671.354	1.698.277	66.708	1.237.706	(443.218)	14.230.827
Other Operating Expenses	(13.723.055)	(1.074.515)	(24.061)	(801.765)	(15.250)	(15.638.646)
Operating Profit / (Loss)	17.533.481	7.879.437	(337.458)	408.303	(83.281)	25.400.482
Income from Investment Operations	938.992	17.701.483	1.621	1.043	(74.506)	18.568.633
Investment Operations Expenses (-)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity Method Investments Profit / (Loss) 's						
Shares	(4.274.334)	(24.814)	-	(914.524)	-	(5.213.672)
Finance Income and Expense Pre-Operating						
Profit / (Loss)	14.198.139	25.556.106	(335.837)	(505.178)	(157.787)	38.755.443
Finance Income	89.070.818	9.447.823	805.069	2.584.588	(2.310.217)	99.598.081
Financing Expenses (-)	(94.086.029)	(31.712.355)	(791.172)	(5.652.208)	2.378.248	(129.863.516)
EDOM COMPINITING						
FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE TAXES						
INCOME (LOSS)						
Iteenii (1888)	9.182.928	3.291.574	(321.940)	(3.572.798)	(89.756)	8.490.008
	7.102.720	3.271.374	(321.740)	(3.372.776)	(87.730)	0.470.008
Continuing Operations Tax Income /						
(Expense) -Current Tax Income/(Expense)	(6.792.169)			(6.418)		(6.798.587)
-Deferred Tax Income/(Expense)	2.595.659	4.180.205	631	15.491	14.901	(1.553.523)
-beleffed Tax meome/(Expense)	2.373.037	4.100.203	031	15.471	14.501	(1.555.525)
PROFIT / (LOSS)	4.986.418	7.471.779	(321.309)	(3.563.725)	(74.855)	137.898
Investment Expenditures						
Investment Properties	_	_	_	_	_	_
Tangible Assets	1.979.846	197.353	_	7.647	-	2.184.846
Intangible Assets	33.231	-	-	-	-	33.231
Depreciation Expenses	1.818.400	458.598	299	933.678		3.210.975
Amortization	714.008	1.071	-	44.955		760.034
Other Information						
- Total Assets	746.206.590	160.837.393	1.830.481	35.075.379	(116.633.541)	827.316.302
- Resources Total	746.206.590	160.837.393	1.830.481	35.075.379	(116.633.541)	827.316.302
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(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

5.SEGMEN	Т	REPORTIN	G	(continued)

5.SEGMENT REPORTING (COIL	unuea)		Electrical			
	Project	Property	and		Consolidation	
31.12.2012	Commitment	Rental	Electronics	Energy	Adjustments	Total
Net Revenue Non-Group	276.011.856	11.739.940	1.754.320	20.960.840	(19.055.835)	291.411.121
Group revenue	269.467	319.193	58.157	2.906.069	(3.552.886)	-
Total Net Revenue	276.281.323	12.059.133	1.812.477	23.866.909	(22.608.721)	291.411.121
Cost of Sales (-)	(244.130.840)	(3.154.145)	(1.535.482)	(16.564.414)	17.909.787	(247.475.094)
Gross Profit / Loss	32.150.483	8.904.988	276.995	7.302.495	(4.698.934)	43.936.027
General and Administrative Expenses (-)	(22.652.595)	(1.866.361)	(270.709)	(2.118.550)	763.596	(26.144.619)
Marketing, Sales and Distribution Expenses (-)	-	-	-	(929.687)	-	(929.687)
Other Operating Income	2.643.923	619.840	113.912	806.158	(245.541)	3.938.292
Other Operating Expenses	(2.699.347)	(202.765)	(93.305)	(273.698)	(13.707)	(3.282.822)
Operating Profit / (Loss)	9.442.464	7.455.702	26.893	4.786.718	(4.194.586)	17.517.191
Income from Investment Operations	821.019	3.165.886	5.753	3.930	-	3.996.588
Investment Operations Expenses (-)	(37.361)	-	-	-	-	(37.361)
Equity Method Investments Profit /			-			
(Loss) 's Shares	(6.488.680)	(597.556)		(462.182)	-	(7.548.418)
Finance Income and Expense Pre-		40.004.000			(4.404.50.5)	12.020.000
Operating Profit / (Loss)	3.737.442	10.024.032	32.646	4.328.466	(4.194.586)	13.928.000
Finance Income Financing Expenses (-)	20.512.008	9.521.455	403.564	1.534.385	(291.798)	31.679.614
-	(20.808.157)	(11.964.856)	(412.449)	(3.663.434)	283.169	(36.565.727)
FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE TAXES INCOME (LOSS)						
_	3.441.293	7.580.631	23.761	2.199.417	(4.203.215)	9.041.887
Continuing Operations Tax Income / (Expense)						
-Current Tax Income/(Expense)	(3.880.106)	-	(839)	(411.378)	-	(4.292.323)
-Deferred Tax Income/(Expense)	532.909	(2.132.669)	(7.739)	158.707	489.840	(958.952)
PROFIT / (LOSS)	94.096	5.447.962	15.183	1.946.746	(3.713.375)	3.790.612
Investment Expenditures						
Investment Properties	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tangible Assets	1.411.401	133.616	-	13.693.669	(3.961.865)	11.276.821
Intangible Assets	1.827.278	16.100	-	-	-	1.843.378
Depreciation Expenses	1.482.612	449.293	784	403.700	-	2.336.389
Amortization	186.170	1.072	-	-	-	187.242
Other Information						
- Total Assets	463.779.907	146.780.944	2.058.600	32.724.240	(77.364.633)	567.979.058
- Resources Total	463.779.907	146.780.944	2.058.600	32.724.240	(77.364.633)	567.979.058

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

5.SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

Geographical Segments

									United Arab		
<u>01.0131.12.2013</u>	<u>Turkey</u>	<u>Qatar</u>	<u>Georgșia</u>	<u>Ukraina</u>	<u>Russia</u>	<u>Bulgaria</u>	<u>Azerbaijan</u>	<u>Libya</u>	Emirates	Elimination	Total
Gains	249.406.025	88.699.008	-	-	58.277.672	3.717.017	31.742.684	-	39.873.077	(11.974.546)	459.740.937
Ongoing Construction											
Contracts Related											
Assets	61.818.439	66.404.508	-	-	4.123.941	-	4.777.833	-	30.868.150	-	167.992.871
Segment Assets	591.309.883	213.647.404	-	1.044.854	19.038.214	31.347.914	49.712.361	352.557	77.529.605	(156.666.490)	827.316.302
Capital Expenditures	914.155	47.559	-	-	572.633	4.479	357.817	-	321.434	-	2.218.077
									United Arab		
01.0131.12.2012	<u>Turkey</u>	<u>Qatar</u>	Georgșia	<u>Ukraina</u>	<u>Russia</u>	<u>Bulgaria</u>	<u>Azerbaijan</u>	<u>Libya</u>	<u>United Arab</u> <u>Emirates</u>	Elimination	<u>Total</u>
01.0131.12.2012 Gains	<u>Turkey</u> 132.183.291	<u>Qatar</u> 137.613.781	<u>Georgșia</u> 1.459.903	<u>Ukraina</u> -	<u>Russia</u> 5.169.052	<u>Bulgaria</u> 23.422.854	Azerbaijan 14.393.010	<u>Libya</u> -		<u>Elimination</u> (22.830.770)	<u>Total</u> 291.411.121
				<u>Ukraina</u> -					Emirates		
Gains				<u>Ukraina</u> -					Emirates		
Gains Ongoing Construction				<u>Ukraina</u> - -					Emirates		
Gains Ongoing Construction Contracts Related	132.183.291	137.613.781		<u>Ukraina</u> - - 872.679		23.422.854	14.393.010	-	Emirates		291.411.121

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

5.SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

Period 01.01.-31.12.2013 and 01.01.-31.12.2012 the Group acquired 10% or more of revenue by business segments is as follows for the customers make..

01.01.-31.12.2013

		Amount in Gross	
Segment Information	Subject	Revenue In	Share of Gross Revenue
Project Commitment	Project Commitment	129.250.526	28%
Property Rental	Rent	3.044.405	30%
Ship Electrical And Electronic	Sale of Services	109.345	19%
Ship Electrical And Electronic	Materials and Workmanship	308.368	53%

01.01.-31.12.2012

		Amount in Gross	
Segment Information	<u>Subject</u>	Revenue In	Share of Gross Revenue
Project Commitment	Project Commitment	83.125.777	30%
Property Rental	Rent	2.381.579	20%
Ship Electrical And Electronic	Maintenance and Repair Work	561.938	31%
Ship Electrical And Electronic	Materials and Workmanship	668.235	37%

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	<u>31.12.2013</u>	31.12.2012
Cash	293.147	74.753
Banks	43.968.794	15.574.296
-Demand Deposit	41.295.993	14.348.017
-Deposit with maturities less than three mounths	2.672.801	1.226.279
Other Cash and Cash Equivalents	2.215.928	8.347
Total	46.477.869	15.657.396

31.12.2013 tarihi itibariyle vadeli mevduat bulunmamaktadır. -There are no time deposits as of 31.12.2013. Residual terms for the time deposits are as follow as of 31.12.2013 and 31.12.2012.

Currency	<u>Interest Rate(%)</u>	<u>31.12.2013</u>	Interest Rate(%)	<u>31.12.2012</u>
TRY	2,00 - 6,50	215.013	-	-
USD	0,35 - 0,50	2.328.581	0,85 - 2,34	1.072.093
EUR	0,20	129.207	0,43	154.186
Total Time Deposit		2.672.801		1.226.279

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

7. FINANCIAL ASSETS

Short-Term Financial Assets

None (31.12.2012: None).

Long Term Financial Assets	31.12.2013	31.12.2012
There is an no active market carried at cost for Financial Assets	46.296	46.296
Total	46.296	46.296
There is an no active market carried at cost for Financial Assets	<u>31.12.2013</u>	31.12.2012
<u>Stocks</u>		
Unquoted shares	46.296	46.296
Total	46.296	46.296

Information on the nature and level of risks in financial assets 39 disclosed in the notes.

Average Interest

Located above TRY 46.296 (2012: TRY 46.296) and the estimated amount of non-quoted market value and the estimated value ranges of values can not be measured reliably, the probability of a reliable estimate of the fair value of unquoted available-for-sale equity investments that can not be cost-are measured.

8. FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

	<u>31.12.2013</u>	31.12.2012
a) Bank Loans	191.661.702	120.698.702
b) Lease Obligations	79.656	401.519
Total	191.741.358	121.100.221

a) Bank Loans:

31.12.2013

Long-Term Loans Short-

<u>Currency</u>	<u>Rate (%)</u>	Short Term	Term Portion Of	Long Term
TRY	10,16	76.915.075	-	-
USD	4,00	682.976	-	-
EUR	5,51	5.412.092	16.873.787	91.777.772
Total		83.010.143	16.873.787	91.777.772
				
			31.12.2012	
	Average Interest	Lon	g-Term Loans Short-	
Currency	Average Interest Rate (%)	<u>Lon</u> <u>Short Term</u>	g-Term Loans Short- Term Portion Of	Long Term
<u>Currency</u> TRY				Long Term
<u> </u>	<u>Rate (%)</u>	Short Term		Long Term -
TRY	Rate (%) 9,09	<u>Short Term</u> 18.805.457		Long Term 86.297.755

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

	31.12.2013	31.12.2012
Paid within one year	99.883.930	34.400.947
2 - 3 years to be paid	29.187.959	18.419.097
3 - 4 years to be paid	13.703.961	19.791.371
4 - 5 years to be paid	13.149.855	11.032.366
5 year and longer term	35.735.997	37.054.921
Total	191.661.702	120.698.702

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

8. FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (continued)

a) Bank Loans:

Below, significant bank borrowings of the Group are summarized:

- A loan of EUR 29.129.964 (2012: EUR 32.660.871). Credit was used in 13 October 2010. Loan repayments have been started in 13 October 2011 expiration date, which will continue until 13 October 2020. The average effective interest rate of the loan, 5.25% tr. Credits, from the Group's investment properties amounting to EUR 48 million on Anel Business Center is secured by mortgages.

The fair value of short term debt, the effect of the undiscounted cash flows is equal to the carrying amount is immaterial.

b) Lease Obligations:

And the sum of the present value of the minimum lease payments:

Finance lease liabilities as at 31.12.2013 and 31.12.2012 are as follows;

TRY	<u>TRY</u>	TRY	<u>TRY</u>
	1 year less than	More than 5	
Less than 1 year	5 year	years	Total
nt			
81.515	-	-	81.515
81.515	-	-	81.515
79.656	-	-	79.656
79.656	-	-	79.656
<u>TRY</u>	<u>TRY</u>	<u>TRY</u>	<u>TRY</u>
	1 year less than	More than 5	
Less than 1 year	5 year	years	Total
nt			
376.410	68.083	-	444.493
376.410	68.083	-	444.493
334.989	66.530	-	401.519
334.989	66.530	-	401.519
	Less than 1 year 10	1 year less than 1 year less	1 year less than More than 5 years

Financial leasing, the lease term of 10 years on the intelligent building systems. The Group has the option to purchase a 10-year lease term with systems. The Group's obligations under finance leases, the lessor, the leased assets are secured by the lessors' title.

At balance sheet date, the net book value of the assets subject to finance lease are as follows:

The Net Value	<u>31.12.2013</u>	<u>31.12.2012</u>
Fixtures (net)	627.878	737.690

Interest rates on financial leasing activities on contract is fixed for the entire rental period. The average effective interest rate of the contract is approximately 16% (2012: 16%).

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

9. TRADE RECEIVABLES/ PAYABLES

a) Trade Receivables:

The Group's trade receivables at the balance sheet date are as follows:

Short-Term Trade Receivables	<u>31.12.2013</u>	<u>31.12.2012</u>
Buyers	115.726.188	58.348.522
Notes Receivables	2.093.576	1.985.083
Less: Unearned Finance Expence	(7.449)	(22.961)
Income Accruals	1.796	326
Provision for Doubtful Receivables(*)	846.825	4.454.457
Less: Provision for Doubtful Receivables	(846.825)	(4.454.457)
Employers Held by Financial Guarantees	56.164.610	41.025.926
Receivables from construction contracts (Note 15)	167.992.871	128.066.963
Dec total	341.971.592	229.403.859
Receivables from related parties (Note 38)	16.526.880	11.767.165
Total	358.498.472	241.171.024

31.12.2013 As of TL denominated short-term trade receivables securities calculated for unearned finance income is used for the effective weighted average interest rate of 7.89% and will receive the weighted average maturity of one month (2012: 6.10% 1.5 months).

There is no collateral for trade receivables from Undue.

As of 31 December 2013, trade receivables of TRY 846.825 (2012: TRY 4.454.457) is a provision for doubtful receivables amounting to

The provision for trade receivables, is determined based on past experience.

(*) The movement of the provision for doubtful receivables of the Group are as follows:

	<u>31.12.2013</u>	<u>31.12.2012</u>
Beginning of the period	4.454.457	385.342
Provisions During the period	615.664	4.218.999
Cancelled	(4.225.968)	(149.984)
Translation Differences	2.672	100
End of the period	846.825	4.454.457

Long-term trade receivables

None. (31.12.2012: None).

Information on the nature and level of risk in trade receivables is described in detail in Note 39.

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

9. TRADE RECEIVABLES/ PAYABLES (continued)

b) Trade Payables:

The Group's trade payables at the balance sheet date are as follows:

Short-Term Trade Payables	<u>31.12.2013</u>	31.12.2012
Sellers	53.647.172	47.017.264
Debt Securities and Given Cheques	4.800.935	1.739.402
Less :Interest expense	(1.308)	(16.799)
Income Accruals	12.465.789	1.590.226
Liabilities from construction contracts (Note 15)	7.839.339	7.291.942
Dec Total	78.751.927	57.622.035
Trade payables to related parties (Note 38)	4.793.648	713.646
Total	83.545.575	58.335.681

Maturity debt securities, which ended after the balance sheet date, the average effective interest rate for the 0,28% is. (31.12.2012: \$ and EUR% 0,56)).

Long-Term Trade Payables	<u>31.12.2013</u>	<u>31.12.2012</u>
Trade payables to related parties (Note 38)	-	160.052
Total	-	160.052

Note 38 Related party receivables and payables to related parties are shown in.

Trade payables are disclosed in Note 39 to the nature and level of risks are described in detail.

10. OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Other Short-Term Receivables	31.12.2013	31.12.2012
Deposits and Guarantees Given	1.431.241	675.880
Due From Personel	24.629	24.063
Other Doubtful Receivables (*)	34.526	33.193
Less: Provision of Other Doubtful Receivables	(34.526)	(33.193)
Other Receivables	9.029.924	5.029.993
Dec total	10.485.794	5.729.936
Other receivables from related parties (Note 38)	54.824.035	17.359.469
Total	65.309.829	23.089.405
(*) Other movement of Doubtful Receivables is as follows:		
	<u>31.12.2013</u>	31.12.2012
Beginning of the period	33.193	40.389
Provisions During the period	-	-
Less: Charged In The Period The	-	(7.196)
Translation Differences	1.333	
End of the period	34.526	33.193

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

10. OTHER RECEIVABLES A	AND PAYABLES ((continued)
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Other Long-Term Receivables	31.12.2013	31.12.2012
Deposits and Guarantees Given	50.009	50.009
Dec total	50.009	50.009
Other receivables from related parties (Note 38)	-	400.000
Grand Total	50.009	450.009
Other Shorts-Term Receivables	<u>31.12.2013</u>	<u>31.12.2012</u>
Deposits and Guarantees Given	2.249.406	1.449.204
Taxes and Charges	2.472.939	1.288.856
Other Payables	541.204	8.998.557
Dec Total	5.263.549	11.736.617
Other payables to related parties (No. 38)	3.421.646	2.659.949
Total	8.685.195	14.396.566

11. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

None (31.12.2012: None).

12. INVENTORIES

	<u>31.12.2013</u>	31.12.2012
Raw materials and suplies	26.979.665	30.536.925
Products	17.585	37.656
Goods	36.865	24.963
Other Inventories	-	2.783
Provision for inventory impairment (-)	(368.789)	-
Total	26.665.326	30.602.327

Group, stocks have been subject to an impairment test as of balance sheet date and net realizable value below cost in the remaining stock is TL 368.789 (31.12.2012: None). As of December 31, 2013 the net realizable value of inventories of the total amount is TL 26.665.326 (31.12.2012: TL 30.602.327).

Movements in the provision for impairment of inventories	01.0131.12.2013	01.0131.12.2012
Opening balance	-	-
Charge For The Period	368.789	-
Closing balance	368.789	-
Distribution Inventory Impairment	01.0131.12.2013	01.0131.12.2012
Raw materials and suplies	368.789	-
Raw materials	-	-
Products	-	-
Goods		
Total	368.789	-
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

As of December 31, 2013 There are no inventory pledged as collateral for the loans (31.12.2012: None).

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

13	PREPAID	EXPENSES	AND DEFERRED REVENUES	
1.7.	INDIAID	כעו כו עו עו אין	- AINIJ 17141 141X 1X1417 1X14 V 141X 171X	

Short-Term Prepaid Expenses	<u>31.12.2013</u>	<u>31.12.2012</u>
For Inventories Advances To Suppliers	3.925.607	5.601.790
Other Advances	9.221.358	6.128.633
Prepaid Expense for the Fallowing Months	904.271	705.743
Given To Related Parties Advances		198.095
Total	14.051.236	12.634.261
Long-Term Prepaid Expenses	31.12.2013	31.12.2012
Advances given for fixed assets	<u></u>	111.425
Prepaid Expense for the Fallowing Years	2.394.582	-
Total	2.394.582	111.425
Total	2.374.302	111.425
Shout Town Defermed Income	21 12 2012	21 12 2012
Short-Term Deferred Income	<u>31.12.2013</u>	31.12.2012
Advances Received	129.722.494	60.915.357
Deferred Income	20.981.938	1.464.403
From Related Parties Advances Received	25.622	
Total	150.730.054	62.379.760
Long-Term Deferred Income	<u>31.12.2013</u>	<u>31.12.2012</u>
Deferred Income	1.531.171	1.680.197
Total	1.531.171	1.680.197
14. CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS		
	<u>31.12.2013</u>	<u>31.12.2012</u>
Assets Construction Contracts In Progress	167.992.871	128.066.963
Total	167.992.871	128.066.963
Assets related to construction projects in progress are as follows:		
	31.12.2013	31.12.2012
Assets related to the ongoing construction contracts	167.992.871	128.066.963
Domestic Assets related to construction contracts	8.372.021	8.611.267
Domestic rissets related to constituential contracts		
Domestic unvested assets related to construction contracts (*)	53.446.417	25.349.813

^(*) Not unearned assets in order to obtain reasonable assurance that the Company will fulfill the necessary conditions are formed, which may be taken out of the fair value of the consolidated financial statements on an accruals basis.

6.048.152

94.105.883

100.126.281

Liabilities related to construction projects in progress are as follows:

Overseas construction contracts related to unvested assets (*)

Foreign Assets related to construction contracts

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

14. CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

Liabilities related to construction projects in progress are as follows:

	<u>31.12.2013</u>	<u>31.12.2012</u>
Ongoing Construction Contracts Liabilities	7.839.339	7.291.942
Total	7.839.339	7.291.942
	<u>31.12.2013</u>	<u>31.12.2012</u>
Liabilities related to ongoing construction contracts	7.839.339	7.291.942
Domestic progress payments related to construction contracts	69.291	-
Domestic over-invoiced portion related to construction contracts	274.593	2.007.931
Foreign progress payments related to construction contracts	-	-
Over-invoiced portion related to construction contracts abroad	7.495.455	5.284.011

Guarantees given and received for the projects described in Note 24.

The Group as of 31 December 2013 regarding the ongoing construction contracts have taken the total amount of short-and long-term advances TL 129.464.934 (31 December 2012: TL 60.695.514) .

15. INVESTMENTS ACCORDING TO EQUITY METHOD

Details of subsidiaries and associates partnerships according to equity method evaluation as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 are as follows;

	Participation Rate	<u>]</u>	Participation Rate	
	<u>(%)</u>	31.12.2013	<u>(%)</u>	31.12.2012
Anel Telekomünikasyon Elekt. Sist. San	l .			
ve Tic. A.Ş.(*)	26,59	8.156.577	27,41	12.185.506
Goodwill		16.466.160		16.466.160
Impairment Of Goodwill (-)		(5.364.216)		(5.364.216)
Pay received for the change in share hol	der's equity	8.713		(19.020)
The Sale Of The Shares	_	(329.571)	_	_
Total	_	18.937.663		23.268.430

^(*) On the BIST traded at Anel Telecommunications and Electronic Systems Industry and Trade Inc. As of December 30, 2013 issued by the ISE best bid among current orders pending the settlement price per unit of TRY 2,23 evaluated in price over the fair value of TRY 29.644.046. (31.12.2012: TRY 21.381.819)

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

15. INVESTMENTS ACCORDING TO EQUITY METHOD

Details of investments according to equity method evaluation are as follows;

	Participation Rate		Participation Rate	
	<u>(%)</u>	31.12.2013	<u>(%)</u>	31.12.2012
Anel Telekomünikasyon Elekt. Sist. San.				
ve Tic. A.Ş.	26,59	18.937.663	27,41	23.268.430
Anelmep Maintenance and Operations				
LLC	30,00	(1.976.983)	30,00	(1.747.749)
Anel Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	35,00	(5.673.423)	35,00	(5.256.872)
Turkges Enerji Elektrik Üretim San.ve				
Tic.A.Ş.	-	-	49,50	40.985
Avek Solar Üretim Sanayi Ticaret A.Ş.	49,98	(823.839)	49,98	94.732
Energina Kompania Bonev	50,00	17.968	50,00	(24.445)
Anel-Sera Adi Ortaklığı	70,20	(15.630)	70,20	9.184
Total	_	10.465.756		16.384.265

Accounted for using the equity method associates and joint ventures other related assets, liabilities, equity, revenues and profit and loss information is listed below;

31.12.2013

			<u>Equity</u>			
			Attributable to	Non-controlling		
	Total Assets	Total Liabilities	<u>Parent</u>	<u>interest</u>	Revenue	Profit / (Loss)
Anel Telekomünikasyon Elekt.						
Sist. San. ve Tic. A.Ş.	179.629.159	128.080.408	30.675.355	20.873.396	33.719.193	(13.650.394)
Anelmep Maintenance and						
Operations LLC	30.312.392	36.902.334	(6.589.942)	-	14.486.263	385.300
Anel Kingdom of Saudi						
Arabia	111.877.695	128.087.474	(16.209.779)	-	43.140.911	(2.223.577)
Avek Solar Üretim Sanayi						
Ticaret A.Ş.	4.130.913	5.779.251	(1.648.338)	-	373.531	(1.829.780)
Energina Kompania Bonev	9.091.761	9.055.825	35.936	-	1.298.902	35.936
Anel-Sera Adi Ortaklığı	1.632.188	1.654.455	(22.267)	-	-	(35.348)
						31.12.2012
			Equity			
				Non-controlling		
	Total Assets	Total Liabilities	Attributable to Parent	Non-controlling interest	Revenue	Profit / (Loss)
Anel Telekomünikasyon Elekt	Total Assets	Total Liabilities	Attributable to		Revenue	Profit / (Loss)
Anel Telekomünikasyon Elekt. Sist San ve Tic A S	Total Assets 179.191.605	Total Liabilities 113.383.752	Attributable to		Revenue 39.389.674	Profit / (Loss) (3.431.403)
Sist. San. ve Tic. A.Ş.			Attributable to Parent	interest		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Sist. San. ve Tic. A.Ş. Anelmep Maintenance and			Attributable to Parent	interest		
Sist. San. ve Tic. A.Ş. Anelmep Maintenance and Operations LLC	179.191.605	113.383.752	Attributable to Parent 44.456.426	<u>interest</u> 21.351.427	39.389.674	(3.431.403)
Sist. San. ve Tic. A.Ş. Anelmep Maintenance and	179.191.605	113.383.752	Attributable to Parent 44.456.426	<u>interest</u> 21.351.427	39.389.674	(3.431.403)
Sist. San. ve Tic. A.Ş. Anelmep Maintenance and Operations LLC Anel Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	179.191.605 199.023	113.383.752 6.024.853	Attributable to Parent 44.456.426 (5.825.830)	<u>interest</u> 21.351.427	39.389.674 669.853	(3.431.403) (231.623)
Sist. San. ve Tic. A.Ş. Anelmep Maintenance and Operations LLC Anel Kingdom of Saudi Arabia Turkges Enerji Elektrik	179.191.605 199.023	113.383.752 6.024.853	Attributable to Parent 44.456.426 (5.825.830)	<u>interest</u> 21.351.427	39.389.674 669.853	(3.431.403) (231.623)
Sist. San. ve Tic. A.Ş. Anelmep Maintenance and Operations LLC Anel Kingdom of Saudi Arabia Turkges Enerji Elektrik Üretim San. ve Tic. A.Ş.	179.191.605 199.023 34.598.663	113.383.752 6.024.853 49.618.297	Attributable to Parent 44.456.426 (5.825.830) (15.019.634)	<u>interest</u> 21.351.427	39.389.674 669.853	(3.431.403) (231.623) (15.496.354)
Sist. San. ve Tic. A.Ş. Anelmep Maintenance and Operations LLC Anel Kingdom of Saudi Arabia Turkges Enerji Elektrik	179.191.605 199.023 34.598.663	113.383.752 6.024.853 49.618.297	Attributable to Parent 44.456.426 (5.825.830) (15.019.634)	<u>interest</u> 21.351.427	39.389.674 669.853	(3.431.403) (231.623) (15.496.354)
Sist. San. ve Tic. A.Ş. Anelmep Maintenance and Operations LLC Anel Kingdom of Saudi Arabia Turkges Enerji Elektrik Üretim San.ve Tic.A.Ş. Avek Solar Üretim Sanayi	179.191.605 199.023 34.598.663 83.441	113.383.752 6.024.853 49.618.297 642	Attributable to Parent 44.456.426 (5.825.830) (15.019.634) 82.799	<u>interest</u> 21.351.427	39.389.674 669.853 35.581.109	(3.431.403) (231.623) (15.496.354) (4.739)
Sist. San. ve Tic. A.Ş. Anelmep Maintenance and Operations LLC Anel Kingdom of Saudi Arabia Turkges Enerji Elektrik Üretim San. ve Tic. A.Ş. Avek Solar Üretim Sanayi Ticaret A.Ş.	179.191.605 199.023 34.598.663 83.441 4.513.357	113.383.752 6.024.853 49.618.297 642 4.324.262	Attributable to Parent 44.456.426 (5.825.830) (15.019.634) 82.799 189.460	<u>interest</u> 21.351.427	39.389.674 669.853 35.581.109	(3.431.403) (231.623) (15.496.354) (4.739) (902.563)

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

16. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

	1.1.2013					31.12.2013
	<u>Opening</u>				<u>Value</u>	Closing
Fair Value	Balance	Additions	<u>Output</u>	<u>Transfers</u>	<u>Increase</u>	Balance
Land and Buildings	120.630.071	-	(663.000)	41.293	17.525.494	137.533.858
Investment Properties	120.630.071				17.525.494	137.533.858
	1.1.2012					31.12.2012
	<u>Opening</u>				<u>Value</u>	Closing
Fair Value	Balance	Additions	<u>Output</u>	Transfers	<u>Increase</u>	<u>Balance</u>
Land and Buildings	117.239.553	-	-	39.518	3.351.000	120.630.071
Investment Properties	117.239.553					120.630.071

Anel Group Business Centre building in Ümraniye investment properties, the Group is not affiliated with the CMB licensed independent valuation firm Artı Gayrimenkul Değerleme ve Danışmanlık A.Ş. to the değerletmiştir. Group management, the valuation of companies with professional knowledge on the subject, and the latest information about the location and category of the investment property thinks that.

The valuation, the valuation appraisal report issued by the Company dated 31 December 2013 by TRY 130.600.000 in real estate value has been appreciated. Value of the property cost method, the value of the property in the sales comparison method Bakirköy determined.

The independent valuation of the real estate section in the consolidated Group companies using 26 episodes, with TRY 552.866 of the net fair value of the tangible fixed assets, other than that reported in the remaining sections of the investment properties is TRY 130.047.134.

In addition, the Group's investment properties and Koşuyolu outside Anel Business Center and other buildings in Bakirköy, though not affiliated with the CMB Group is a licensed independent valuation firm, TSKB Real Estate Appraisal between 1 March 2013 respectively by the reports are valued. The fair values of the properties in question, respectively, reports held TRY 2.676.000 and TRY 3.647.000 has been recognized as.

At balance sheet date, investment property, property, building or development, maintenance, repair or remediation obligations arising from contracts available.

In the current period, TRY 10.312.825 has rental income from investment properties 1.842.790 Total direct operating expenses related to this property Eur 48 million on the Group's investment properties are mortgaged.

As of 12/31/2013, TRY 119.133.851 on investment properties (31.12.2012: TRY 96.151.602), insurance coverage is available.

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

31.12.2013

				Machinery,						
		<u>Land</u>		<u>Equipment</u>						
	<u>I</u>	<u>mproveme</u>		<u>and</u>		Furniture and	<u>Special</u>	<u>Tangible</u>	<u>Ongoing</u>	
Cost	<u>Land</u>	<u>nts</u>	<u>Buildings</u>	<u>installations</u>	<u>Vehicles</u>	<u>Fixtures</u>	<u>Costs</u>	<u>Assets</u>	<u>Invesment</u>	<u>Total</u>
Openin Balance	1.269.221	122.096	555.769	15.116.009	758.469	10.387.734	480.772	212.731	2.790.216	31.693.017
Foreign Currency Translation Differences	33.055	24.089	-	4.978.126	51.321	737.260	(32.590)	10.668	-	5.801.929
Purchases	-	-	-	616.198	201.348	1.362.821	-	4.479	-	2.184.846
Sales	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment property transfers (**)	-	-	(41.293)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(41.293)
Valuation	-	-	38.390	-	-	-	-	-	-	38.390
Transfers from construction in progress		-	-	2.790.216	-	-	-	-	(2.790.216)	-
Closing Balance	1.302.276	146.185	552.866	23.500.549	1.011.138	12.487.815	448.182	227.878	-	39.676.889
Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment										
Openin Balance	-	(31.246)	(20.866)	(1.454.258)	(259.791)	(6.656.683)	(426.307)	(123.366)	-	(8.972.517)
Foreign Currency Translation Differences	-	(6.168)	-	(290.511)	(21.289)	(542.976)	-	(601)	-	(861.545)
Charge For The Period	-	(7.329)	-	(1.559.141)	(208.069)	(1.431.329)	(1.820)	(3.286)	-	(3.210.974)
Outputs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Valuation		-	20.866	-	-	-	-	-	-	20.866
Closing Balance	-	(44.743)	-	(3.303.910)	(489.149)	(8.630.988)	(428.127)	(127.253)	-	(13.024.170)
Fixed assets, net	1.302.276	101.442	552.866	20.196.639	521.989	3.856.827	20.055	100.625	-	26.652.719

As of 31.12.2013, on Tangible Assets USD 4.586.550 and TRY 50.340 TL (31.12.2012: USD 339.444 and TRY 5.641.225) available insurance coverage.

^(*) The Company is classified as an investment property and Ümraniye 26 independent sections of the business center, a portion of the ground floor is being used by the Group, are reported in tangible fixed assets (Note 16).

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

31.12.2012

				Machinery,						
				Equipment						
		Land		and	Motor	Furniture and	<u>Special</u>	Tangible	Ongoing	
Costs	Land	<u>Improvements</u>	Buildings	installations	<u>Vehicles</u>	<u>Fixtures</u>	Costs	Assets	<u>Invesment</u>	<u>Total</u>
The effect of changes in IFRS 11 standard	1.286.751	129.376	580.984	3.201.158	334.041	10.185.770	480.772	160.074	4.894.370	21.253.296
As previously reported January 1, 2012	(8.943)		-	(6.410)	-	(156.822)	-	=	(22.656)	(194.831)
Opening Balance	1.277.808	129.376	580.984	3.194.748	334.041	10.028.948	480.772	160.074	4.871.714	21.058.465
Foreign Currency Translation Differences	(8.587)	(7.280)	=	(172.159)	(4.030)	(222.569)	-	(1.323)	(203.468)	(619.416)
Purchases	-	-	-	879.600	428.458	578.993	-	53.980	9.335.790	11.276.821
Outputs	-	-	-	-	-	2.362	-	-	-	2.362
Transfers from investment property	-	-	(39.518)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(39.518)
Value increase / (decrease)in	-	-	14.303	-	-	-	-	-	-	14.303
Transfers from construction in progress			-	11.213.820	-	-	-	=	(11.213.820)	
Closing Balance	1.269.221	122.096	555.769	15.116.009	758.469	10.387.734	480.772	212.731	2.790.216	31.693.017
Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment										
The effect of changes in IFRS 11 standard	-	(26.623)	(21.813)	(640.468)	(144.680)	(5.982.004)	(394.465)	(121.348)	-	(7.331.401)
The effect of changes in IFRS 11 standard As previously reported January 1, 2012	- -	-		854	-	68.141	<u>-</u>	-	-	68.995
The effect of changes in IFRS 11 standard As previously reported January 1, 2012 Opening Balance	- - -	(26.623)	(21.813) - (21.813)	854 (639.614)	(144.680)	68.141 (5.913.863)	(394.465) - (394.465)	(121.348)	- - -	68.995 (7.262.406)
The effect of changes in IFRS 11 standard As previously reported January 1, 2012 Opening Balance Foreign Currency Translation Differences		(26.623) 1.498		854 (639.614) 30.541	-	68.141 (5.913.863) 125.280	(394.465)	(121.348)		68.995 (7.262.406) 160.439
The effect of changes in IFRS 11 standard As previously reported January 1, 2012 Opening Balance		(26.623)	(21.813)	854 (639.614)	(144.680)	68.141 (5.913.863)	(394.465)	(121.348)	-	68.995 (7.262.406)
The effect of changes in IFRS 11 standard As previously reported January 1, 2012 Opening Balance Foreign Currency Translation Differences Charge For The Period Outputs		(26.623) 1.498	(21.813)	854 (639.614) 30.541	(144.680)	68.141 (5.913.863) 125.280 (1.332.992)	(394.465)	(121.348)	-	68.995 (7.262.406) 160.439 (2.336.389)
The effect of changes in IFRS 11 standard As previously reported January 1, 2012 Opening Balance Foreign Currency Translation Differences Charge For The Period		(26.623) 1.498	(21.813)	854 (639.614) 30.541	(144.680)	68.141 (5.913.863) 125.280	(394.465)	(121.348)	-	68.995 (7.262.406) 160.439
The effect of changes in IFRS 11 standard As previously reported January 1, 2012 Opening Balance Foreign Currency Translation Differences Charge For The Period Outputs		(26.623) 1.498	(21.813)	854 (639.614) 30.541	(144.680)	68.141 (5.913.863) 125.280 (1.332.992)	(394.465)	(121.348)	-	68.995 (7.262.406) 160.439 (2.336.389)
The effect of changes in IFRS 11 standard As previously reported January 1, 2012 Opening Balance Foreign Currency Translation Differences Charge For The Period Outputs Fix (*)		(26.623) 1.498	(21.813)	854 (639.614) 30.541	(144.680)	68.141 (5.913.863) 125.280 (1.332.992)	(394.465)	(121.348)	-	68.995 (7.262.406) 160.439 (2.336.389) - 464.892
The effect of changes in IFRS 11 standard As previously reported January 1, 2012 Opening Balance Foreign Currency Translation Differences Charge For The Period Outputs Fix (*) Value increase / (decrease)in		(26.623) 1.498	(21.813)	854 (639.614) 30.541	(144.680)	68.141 (5.913.863) 125.280 (1.332.992)	(394.465)	(121.348)	-	68.995 (7.262.406) 160.439 (2.336.389) - 464.892
The effect of changes in IFRS 11 standard As previously reported January 1, 2012 Opening Balance Foreign Currency Translation Differences Charge For The Period Outputs Fix (*) Value increase / (decrease)in The classification of non-current assets held for		(26.623) 1.498	(21.813)	854 (639.614) 30.541	(144.680)	68.141 (5.913.863) 125.280 (1.332.992)	(394.465)	(121.348)	-	68.995 (7.262.406) 160.439 (2.336.389) - 464.892

^(*) Of a portion of the Group's assets located in the fixtures to be corrected as a result of the depreciation rate is balance.

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

Useful lives of tangible fixed assets are as follows:

	Economic Life
Land and land improvements	3-14
buildings	50
Plant, machinery and equipment	3-14
Vehicles	5
Furniture and fixtures	3-14
Other Tangible Assets	5
Leasehold Improvements	5

The sum of the depreciation expense in the current year is TL 3.210.975 (31.12.2012: TL 2.336.389). Of this amount, TL 2.684.624 (31.12.2012: TL 1.784.217) amounting to the cost of goods sold (Note 29), TL 3.936 (31.12.2012: None.) Amounting to marketing expenses, TL 522.415 (31.12.2012: TL 552.172) amounting to general administrative expenses (Note 30) were included.

At balance sheet date, the net book value of the assets subject to finance lease are as follows:

The Net Values	<u>31.12.2013</u>	<u>31.12.2012</u>
Fornitur and Fixtures (net)	627.878	737.690

18. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

31.12.2013

Cost	<u>Rights</u>	<u>Total</u>
Opening Balance	2.750.025	2.750.025
Foreign Currency Translation Differences	21.542	21.542
Purchases	33.231	33.231
Outputs	<u>-</u>	_
Closing Balance	2.804.798	2.804.798

Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment

Opening Balance	(814.824)	(814.824)
Foreign Currency Translation Differences	(2.963)	(2.963)
Charge For The Period	(760.034)	(760.034)
Outputs		
Closing Balance	(1.577.821)	(1.577.821)
Tangible Assets, net	1.226.977	1.226.977

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

18. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS (continued)

2	1	1	12	2	Λ	1	2
J	1		L		v	1	_

Cost	<u>Rights</u>	<u>Total</u>
The effect of changes in IFRS 11 standard	912.680	912.680
As previously reported January 1, 2012	(6.033)	(6.033)
Opening Balance	906.647	906.647
Purchases	1.843.378	1.843.378
Outputs	-	<u> </u>
Closing Balance	2.750.025	2.750.025
Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment		_
The effect of changes in IFRS 11 standard	(678.497)	(678.497)
As previously reported January 1, 2012	50.915	50.915
Opening Balance	(627.582)	(627.582)
Charge For The Period	(187.242)	(187.242)
Outputs	-	_
Closing Balance	(814.824)	(814.824)
Tangible Assets, net	1.935.201	1.935.201

Economic lives of intangible assets are as follows:

The Economic Life (

Rights 3-14

The sum of the current year amortization expense is TL 760.034 (31.12.2012: TL 187.242). Of this amount, TL 22.950 (31.12.2012: TL 5.554) in the portion of goods sold at cost (Note 29) TL 737.084 (31.12.2012: TL 181.688) amounting to general administrative expenses were included. (Note 30).

19. POSITIVE / NEGATIVE GOODWILL

Cost Value	31.12.2013	31.12.2012
The beginning of the period cost value (*)	173.385	173.385
For the period from the business combination additional amount		
(Note 3)	7.890.150	-
The closing value of the	8.063.535	173.385

(*)As of 31.12.2013 the Group management in terms of impairment of goodwill in the consolidated financial statements are reviewed. In this context, the amount of goodwill was tested for impairment in accordance with IAS 36. Have been found not to be impaired as a result of the analysis of goodwill.

On 31 December 2013 goodwill impairment test is performed with the current value of the goodwill. AnelMarin Marine Electrical Electronics. Syst. Trade and Industry Co., Ltd. of the shares amounting to TL 173.385 in the financial statements arising from the attached goodwill impairment test, all assets and liabilities are accounted for as a single cash generating unit. The recoverable amount is estimated by management based on the value in use of the five-year projection has been determined.

16,25% discount rate used for cash flows' species. The estimated value of the cash flows, discounted cash flows consist of five years until 2018. Cash flows beyond the 5-year estimated growth rate of the country taking into account the expected inflation rate of 6,6% per year was estimated using a constant growth rate. As a result of the impairment test, AnelMarin Marine Electrical Electronics. Syst. Commerce and Industry, Inc., and the goodwill arising from the acquisition value of the cash-generating unit is determined that an impairment loss.

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

20. LEASING OPERATIONS

Operating Leases

The Group as lessee

Leasing Contracts:

The Group's operating leases are subject to the lease agreement, which currently has four units Qatar, Baku branches and subsidiaries located in Russia and Abu Dhabi are related to the office and storage building.

Recognised as an expense payments	01.0131.12.2013	01.0131.12.2012
Of the minimum lease payments	853.817	626.136
Contingent lease payments	-	-
Secondary leases payments received		<u>-</u>
Total	853.817	626.136
21. IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS		
	<u>31.12.2013</u>	31.12.2012
Provisions For Doubtful Trade Receivables	615.664	4.218.999
Impairment Of Inventory	368.789	_
Total	984.453	4.218.999

22.. GOVERNMENT GRANTS

None. (31.12.2012: None).

23. BORROWING COSTS

None.(31.12.2012: None).

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

24. PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Offsetting

None (31.12.2012:None).

Contingent Assets

As of December 31, 2013, and still continues against the Group amounting to a total of TL 2.495.393 there are 14 lawsuits. Create any liability against the group of cases is envisaged.

Guarantee-Pledge-Mortgages

As of 31 December 2013 and 31 December 2012, the Group's guarantee / pledge / mortgage position statements are as follows:

There is no collateral received for the project, other collateral amounts are as follows;

						31.12.2013
		<u>USD</u>	<u>EUR</u>		<u>TRY</u>	TRY Amount
Letters of Guarantees Receive	d	768.224	1.805.422	1.4	11.123	8.352.365
Guaranteed Bill Received		482.092	493.956	3.1	41.597	5.621.028
Guaranteed Cheques Received	I	83.000	46.500	2.50	07.739	2.821.433
Total		1.333.316	2.345.878	7.0	60.459	16.794.826
		-				_
						31.12.2012
		<u>USD</u>	<u>EUR</u>		<u>TRY</u>	TRY Amount
Letters of Guarantees Receive	d	620.500	344.152	5	28.800	2.444.246
Guaranteed Bill Received		636.971	137.073	2	89.762	1.747.581
Guaranteed Cheques Received	l	83.000	46.500	1.8	40.322	2.097.632
Total		1.340.471	527.725	2.6	58.884	6.289.459
						_
						31.12.2013
	<u>USD</u>	<u>EUR</u>	<u>AED</u>	<u>RUB</u>	TRY	<u>Total TRY</u>
Projects related to						
Letters of Guarantees Given	86.548.457	4.188.745	-	-	10.370.72	2 207.391.343
Bonds of Guarantees Given	-	-	-	-		
Cheks of Guarantees Given	-	-	-	-		
<u>Other</u>						
Letters of Guarantees Given	-	-	-		742.15	742.150
Bonds of Guarantees Given	-	-	-	-		-
Cheks of Guarantees Given	-	-	-	-		
Morgages Given	_	48.000.000		<u>-</u>		- 140.952.000
Total	86.548.457	52.188.745	-	-	11.112.872	2 349.085.493

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

24. PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES(continued)

						31.12.2012
	<u>USD</u>	<u>EUR</u>	<u>AED</u>	<u>RUB</u>	<u>TRY</u>	Total TRY
Projects related to						
Letters of Guarantees Given	52.960.152	9.710.615	28.000.000	45.529.520	14.436.915	147.590.407
Bonds of Guarantees Given	149.297	2.903.626	-	-	325.200	7.419.794
Cheks of Guarantees Given	-	211.420	-	-	-	497.196
<u>Other</u>						
Letters of Guarantees Given	3.000.000		-	-	964.850	6.312.650
Bonds of Guarantees Given	-	-	-	-		-
Cheks of Guarantees Given	-	-	-	-	-	=
Morgages Given		48.000.000	-	-	-	112.881.600
Total	56.109.449	60.825.661	28.000.000	45.529.520	15.726.965	274.701.647

Guarantees Given by the Group (Margin-	TRY					31.12.2013
Pledge-Mortgages)	Amount	<u>USD</u>	EURO	<u>AED</u>	<u>RUB</u>	<u>TRY</u>
1. Total Amount of GPM's given for the						
company	347.602.064	86.509.357	52.176.745	-	-	9.748.132
2. Total Amount of GPM's given for the companies consolited	103.144	26.700	12.000	_		10.920
3. Total Amount of GPM's given for the third parties In order to operate the usual trading						
activity	-	-	-	-	-	-
4. Total Amount of GPM's givenTotal amount of GPM given on behalf of its	1.380.285	12.400	-	-	-	1.353.820
own legal personality	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Total amount of GPMs given for the group						
companies not included in items2 and 3. - Total amount of GPMs given for the third	1.380.285	12.400		-	-	1.353.820
parties not included in item3.	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	349.085.493	86.548.457	52.188.745	-	-	11.112.872

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

24. PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (continued)

Commentees Circum by the Comm						31.12.2012
Guarantees Given by the Group (Margin-Pledge-Mortgages)	TL Amount	<u>USD</u>	<u>EURO</u>	<u>AED</u>	<u>RUB</u>	<u>TL</u>
1. Total Amount of GPM's given for the company	267.512.825	54.906.699	59.867.244	28.000.000	-	15.536.265
2. Total Amount of GPM's given for the companies consolited3. Total Amount of GPM's given for the third parties In order to operate	6.998.122	1.202.750	958.417	-	45.529.520	-
the usual trading activity 4. Total Amount of GPM's given	- 190.700	-	-	-	-	190.700
 Total amount of GPM given on behalf of its own legal personality Total amount of GPMs given for 	-	-	-	-	-	-
the group companies not included in items2 and 3.Total amount of GPMs given for the third parties not included in	190.700	-	-	-	-	190.700
item3.	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	274.701.647	56.109.449	60.825.661	28.000.000	45.529.520	15.726.965

Other groups of CPM is given by the Group's equity ratio as of 31.12.2013 is not important. (As of 31/12/2012 0%).

As of 31.12.2013 and 31.12.2012 Guarantees given the distribution of the species is shown below.

		31.12.2013	3			
Guarantees, Pledges and mortgages	Total TRY Amount	<u>USD</u>	<u>EUR</u>	<u>AED</u>	RUB	TRY
Letters of Gruantees Received	208.133.493	86.548.457	4.188.745	-	-	11.112.872
Pledge	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mortgage	140.952.000	-	48.000.000	-	-	
Total	349.085.493	86.548.457	52.188.745	-	-	11.112.872
		31.12.2012	2			
Guarantees, Pledges and mortgages	Total TRY Amount	<u>USD</u>	<u>EUR</u>	<u>AED</u>	RUB	TRY
Letters of Gruantees Received	161.820.047	56.109.449	12.825.661	28.000.000	45.529.520	15.726.965
Pledge	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mortgage	112.881.600	-	48.000.000	-	-	-
Total	274.701.647	56.109.449	60.825.661	28.000.000	45.529.520	15.726.965

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

25. COMMITMENTS

None (31.12.2012: None).

26. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Short-Term Employee Benefits Unused Vacation Rights	31.12.2013 480.908	31.12.2012 421.278
Scope of Employee Benefits Liabilities	<u>31.12.2013</u>	31.12.2012
Due to Personnel	1.806.434	1.579.939
Social Security Premiums Payable	664.159	528.727
Total	2.470.593	2.108.666
Long-Term Employee Benefits	<u>31.12.2013</u>	<u>31.12.2012</u>
Provision for employee ermination benefits	975.996	794.486

Under Turkish law, and any group that fills a one-year service period is terminated without due cause, is called up for military service, dies, 20-year period of service for men, 25 women have been filled or the retirement age (women 58 and 60 years), the staff has to make severance payments.

The liability is not subject to any funding. The provision Grup'in, arising from the retirement of employees is calculated by estimating the present value of future probable obligation. IAS 19 ("Employee Benefits"), group obligations under defined benefit plans using actuarial valuation methods to be developed. Accordingly, the actuarial assumptions used in calculating the total liabilities are as follows:

Balance sheet date, an annual inflation rate of 5% and 9% based on the assumption that the discount rate, about 3,33% real discount rate is calculated according to the assumptions of the following retirement. (December 31, 2012: 5%, respectively 8,5% and 3,33%).

	<u>31.12.2013</u>	<u>31.12.2012</u>
Annual discount rate (%)	3,81	3,33
Probability of retirement (%)	88,36	80,24

The main assumption, the maximum liability for each year of service will only grow in line with inflation. Therefore, the discount rate applied represents the expected real rate after adjusting for the effects of future inflation. Therefore, as of December 31, 2013 the accompanying financial statements provisions for the future probably obligation arising from the retirement of employees is calculated by estimating the present value.

3.438 TRY(31.12.2012: 3.033 TRY) maximum amount used on calculation of retirement pay provision with effect from 01 January 2014.

The movement of provision for severance pay as follows:

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

26. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS(continued)

	01.0131.12.2013	01.0131.12.2012
Provisions as of January 1	794.486	686.475
Cost of Services	95.516	275.237
Interest Cost	23.485	32.902
Retirement Benefits Paid	(83.183)	(226.894)
Acturial Gain / Loss	145.692	66.715
The Effect of IFRS 11		(39.949)
Provisions at 31 December	975.996	794.486

27.OTHER CURRENT/NONCURRENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Other Current Assets	31.12.2013	31.12.2012
Deferred VAT	15.300.440	14.551.369
Other VAT	167.713	438.757
Work Advance	266.933	333.471
Advance Given to Personel	550.361	48.130
Other Current Assets	1.264.796	1.302.263
Total	17.550.243	16.673.990

Other Non-current Assets

None (31.12.2012: None).

Other Short-Term Liabilities	31.12.2013	31.12.2012
Other Liabilities		9.342
Total	-	9.342

Other Long-Term Liabilities

None (31.12.2012: None).

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

28. CAPİTAL, RESERVES AND OTHER EQUITY COMPONENTS

a) Capital

The Company's issued share capital at 31 December 2013 and 2012 dates are as follows:

	<u>31.12</u>	2.2013	<u>31.1</u>	2.2012
Shareholders	Share Amount <u>TL</u>	Share Rate (%)	$\frac{Share\ Amount}{TL}$	Share Rate (%)
Rıdvan Çelikel (**)	47.142.089	42,86	47.142.089	42,86
Avniye Mukaddes Çelikel	5.677.039	5,16	5.677.039	5,16
Mahir Kerem Çelikel	1.526.758	1,39	1.526.758	1,39
Other Real People	20.637	0,04	45.174	0,04
Public Section (*)	55.633.477	50,58	55.608.940	50,55
Share Capital	110.000.000	100,02	110.000.000	100,00

^(*)Publicly offered shares of the Group are being traded in ISE (Istanbul Stock Exchange).

(**) Ridvan Çelikel shareholders of the Company, the Company owned 1.638.684 shares in the capital of part of the shares of publicly traded shares of capital and the amount of TRY48.780.773 and a total of 44.35% of the shares.

The Group use authorized capital system and the equity ceiling is TRY 200.000.000.

The Company's issued share capital, historical value, TRY 110.000.000. (31.12.2011: TRY 110.000.000). which consisted of 22.188.841 A-group shares and 87.811.159 B-group shares authorized and fully paid shares each having 1 TRY nominal value. A-group shareholders have two voting rights and B-group shareholders have one voting rights for each share owned at the General Assembly meeting. All of the A-group shares belong to Ridvan Çelikel.

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

28. CAPİTAL, RESERVES AND OTHER EQUITY COMPONENTS (continued)		
b) Relating to the Share Premium / (Discount)	<u>31.12.2013</u>	31.12.2012
Shares In Relation To The Premium / (Discount)	1.384.433	1.384.433
Total	1.384.433	1.384.433
c) Revaluation and Measurement Gains / (Losses)	31.12.2013	31.12.2012
Financial Assets Revaluation Gain / (Loss)	(348.487)	(348.487)
Property, Plant And Equipment Asset Revaluation Measurement Gains	1.274.784	1.215.179
Total	926.297	866.692
d) Faraign Currency Translation Differences	21 12 2012	21 12 2012
d) Foreign Currency Translation Differences	31.12.2013	31.12.2012
Foreign Currency Translation Differences Total	45.326.637 45.326.637	12.839.177 12.839.177
e) Not Reclassifed Other Cumulative Comprehensive Income /		
Expense in case of Profit or Loss	31.12.2013	31.12.2012
Actuarial gain/(loss)	(206.574)	(89.612)
Total	(206.574)	(89.612)
f) Restricted Reserves	<u>31.12.2013</u>	31.12.2012
Restricted Reserves	3.052.537	2.955.734
Total	3.052.537	2.955.734
g) Previous Years Profit / (Loss)	31.12.2013	31.12.2012
Previous Years Profit / (Loss)	89.497.781	89.446.841
Total	89.497.781	89.446.841

h) Non-Controlling Interest

The details regarding the Group's Non-Controlling Interest December 31, 2013 and as of December 31, 2012 are as follows:

Total	29.094.933	29.123.727
Parent Company Profit / (Loss) Share	(1.234.625)	3.775.148
Foreign Currency Translation Differences	46.372	(47.416)
Additions	1.159.459	-
1 January Balance	29.123.727	25.395.995
	<u>31.12.2013</u>	<u>31.12.2012</u>

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

28.CAPİTAL, RESERVES AND OTHER EQUITY COMPONENTS (continued) <a href="https://profit.org/Profit.o

Publicly held companies, the CMB's profit distribution came into force from the date of February 1, 2014 II-1.19 Dividend accordance with the notification.

Partnerships, profits will be determined by the General Assembly in accordance with the dividend distribution policy and in accordance with the provisions of the relevant legislation by the General Assembly distributes . Comes within the scope of the notification a minimum distribution rate has not been determined . Companies based in contract or in the manner specified in the dividend distribution policy will pay dividends . In addition, dividends may be paid in installments of equal or different, consistent and interim financial statements of the profits in advance may distribute dividends in cash .

TCC based on separation of reserves required by the articles of association or dividend distribution policy for the shareholders determine dividend allottees other reserves to allocate to the next year to transfer profit and dividend shareholders, management board members subsidiaries to their employees and shareholders, persons other than the profit share to be distributed could not be given, as determined for the shareholders in cash dividends are paid on these shares may not be distributed to persons on the card.

29. REVENUE

<u>01.0131.12.2012</u>
115.316.063
163.567.537
12.086.660
468.388
291.438.648
(27.527)
291.411.121
(50.709)
(15.336.547)
(230.298.067)
(1.789.771)
-
(247.475.094)
43.936.027
1 4 2 6 1 3 7 3 3 3 3 3

30. GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES, MARKETING, SALES AND DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES, RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES

	<u>01.0131.12.2013</u>	01.0131.12.2012
General And Administrative Expenses (-)	23.950.856	26.144.619
Marketing Expenses (-)	625.853	929.687
Total	24.576.709	27.074.306

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

30. GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES, MARKETING, SALES AND DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES, RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES (continued)

General And Administrative Expenses	01.0131.12.2013	01.0131.12.2012
Personnel Expenses	10.277.201	8.932.300
Subcontractor Labor Expenses	185.905	72.786
Depreciation and Amortization Expenses	522.415	552.172
Transportation Expenses	342.154	346.698
Consulting Expenses	952.730	1.858.715
Maintenance And Repair Expenses	201.770	221.828
Data Processing Expenses	13.082	155.007
Bank Costs	18.217	24.062
Dues And Expenses	27.198	20.292
Car Expenses	163.238	173.517
Electricity, Water and heating Expenses	87.184	231.617
Communication Expenses	93.623	118.254
Of Non-Deductible Expenses	114.999	462.864
Advertisement Expenses	120.265	23.761
Shipping Expenses	12.108	16.396
Department Of Participation Share	4.679.140	3.616.827
Stationery Expenses	227.480	122.140
Material Expenses	257.461	196.157
Trademark Registration and Expenses	27.291	218.538
Fines	1.540	137.289
The Shipping Expenses	20.308	18.532
Notary Expenses	23.836	20.772
Representation And Entertainment Expenses	25.758	41.109
Sap Expenses Of Use	303.858	64.244
Insurance Expenses	91.143	209.389
Cleaning Expenses	70.342	104.053
Taxes, Expenses and Mortar	117.629	147.577
Food Costs	277.725	229.789
Severance Pay Expenses	599.343	209.246
Doubtful Receivables	607.459	4.218.999
Rent Expenses	937.823	1.275.866
Other Expenses	2.550.631	1.665.088
Travel and Accommodation Expenses	118.566	87.483
Car Rent Expenses	289.503	351.252
Total	23.950.856	26.144.619

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

30. GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES, MARKETING, SALES AND DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES, RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES (continued)

Marketing Expenses	01.0131.12.2013	01.0131.12.2012
Personnel Expenses	462.845	597.615
Depreciation and Amortization Expenses	3.936	_
Transportation Expenses	185	14.501
Consulting Expenses	5.783	136.043
Car Expenses	23.349	30.717
Department Of Participation Share	24.924	35.153
Insurance Expenses	-	22.364
Taxes, Expenses and Mortar	1.158	3.438
Food Costs	4.466	4.218
Other Expenses	21.924	28.436
Car Rent Expenses	54.494	57.202
Fair Expenses	22.789	-
Total	625.853	929.687
31. EXPENSES BY NATURE		
DepraciaDepreciation Expenses	01.0131.12.2013	01.0131.12.2012
<u>DepraciaDepreciation Expenses</u> Cost of Sales	01.0131.12.2013 2.684.624	<u>01.0131.12.2012</u> 1.784.217
	·	
Cost of Sales	2.684.624 522.415 3.936	1.784.217 552.172
Cost of Sales General Administrative Expenses	2.684.624 522.415	1.784.217
Cost of Sales General Administrative Expenses Marketing Expenses Total	2.684.624 522.415 3.936 3.210.975	1.784.217 552.172 - 2.336.389
Cost of Sales General Administrative Expenses Marketing Expenses Total Amortization	2.684.624 522.415 3.936 3.210.975 01.0131.12.2013	1.784.217 552.172 - 2.336.389 01.0131.12.2012
Cost of Sales General Administrative Expenses Marketing Expenses Total Amortization Cost of Sales	2.684.624 522.415 3.936 3.210.975 01.0131.12.2013 22.950	1.784.217 552.172 2.336.389 01.0131.12.2012 5.554
Cost of Sales General Administrative Expenses Marketing Expenses Total Amortization Cost of Sales General Administrative Expenses	2.684.624 522.415 3.936 3.210.975 01.0131.12.2013 22.950 737.085	1.784.217 552.172 2.336.389 01.0131.12.2012 5.554 181.688
Cost of Sales General Administrative Expenses Marketing Expenses Total Amortization Cost of Sales	2.684.624 522.415 3.936 3.210.975 01.0131.12.2013 22.950	1.784.217 552.172 2.336.389 01.0131.12.2012 5.554
Cost of Sales General Administrative Expenses Marketing Expenses Total Amortization Cost of Sales General Administrative Expenses Total	2.684.624 522.415 3.936 3.210.975 01.0131.12.2013 22.950 737.085 760.034	1.784.217 552.172 2.336.389 01.0131.12.2012 5.554 181.688 187.242
Cost of Sales General Administrative Expenses Marketing Expenses Total Amortization Cost of Sales General Administrative Expenses Total Personnel Expenses	2.684.624 522.415 3.936 3.210.975 01.0131.12.2013 22.950 737.085 760.034	1.784.217 552.172 2.336.389 01.0131.12.2012 5.554 181.688 187.242
Cost of Sales General Administrative Expenses Marketing Expenses Total Amortization Cost of Sales General Administrative Expenses Total Personnel Expenses Salaries and Wages	2.684.624 522.415 3.936 3.210.975 01.0131.12.2013 22.950 737.085 760.034 01.0131.12.2013 48.949.632	1.784.217 552.172 2.336.389 01.0131.12.2012 5.554 181.688 187.242 01.0131.12.2012 49.990.820
Cost of Sales General Administrative Expenses Marketing Expenses Total Amortization Cost of Sales General Administrative Expenses Total Personnel Expenses Salaries and Wages Social Security Expenses	2.684.624 522.415 3.936 3.210.975 01.0131.12.2013 22.950 737.085 760.034 01.0131.12.2013 48.949.632 4.205.190	1.784.217 552.172 2.336.389 01.0131.12.2012 5.554 181.688 187.242 01.0131.12.2012 49.990.820 3.234.654
Cost of Sales General Administrative Expenses Marketing Expenses Total Amortization Cost of Sales General Administrative Expenses Total Personnel Expenses Salaries and Wages Social Security Expenses Severance Pay Expenses	2.684.624 522.415 3.936 3.210.975 01.0131.12.2013 22.950 737.085 760.034 01.0131.12.2013 48.949.632	1.784.217 552.172 2.336.389 01.0131.12.2012 5.554 181.688 187.242 01.0131.12.2012 49.990.820
Cost of Sales General Administrative Expenses Marketing Expenses Total Amortization Cost of Sales General Administrative Expenses Total Personnel Expenses Salaries and Wages Social Security Expenses	2.684.624 522.415 3.936 3.210.975 01.0131.12.2013 22.950 737.085 760.034 01.0131.12.2013 48.949.632 4.205.190 243.880	1.784.217 552.172 2.336.389 01.0131.12.2012 5.554 181.688 187.242 01.0131.12.2012 49.990.820 3.234.654 86.861

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

22 INICOME	/ EVDENCES	EDOM DDINGIDAT	ODED ATIONS
52.INCOME	/ EXPENSES	FROM PRINCIPAL	OPERATIONS

Other Operating Income	01.0131.12.2013	01.0131.12.2012
Obsolete Provisions	142.199	388.579
Foreign exchange differences related to Operating Income	11.279.849	1.396.808
Other Income and Profits	2.808.779	2.152.905
Total	14.230.827	3.938.292
Other Operating Expenses (-)	01.0131.12.2013	01.0131.12.2012
Provision Expenses (-)	(368.789)	-
Foreign exchange differences related to Operating Expenses (-)	(13.074.947)	(2.924.498)
Prior Period Expenses and Losses (-)	-	(5.618)
Prior Period Expenses and Losses (-) Other Expenses (-)	(2.194.910)	(5.618) (352.706)
•	(2.194.910) (15.638.646)	` ,

33. INCOME FROM INVESTMENT OPERATIONS AND EXPENSES

Income from Investment Operations	01.0131.12.2013	01.0131.12.2012
Term Deposits Interest Income	50.229	874.647
Investment Property Revaluation Gain	17.525.494	3.117.298
Financial Investment Sales Gain	893.201	4.643
Investment Property Sales Gain	99.709	-
Total	18.568.633	3.996.588
Expenses from Investment Operations (-)	01.0131.12.2013	01.0131.12.2012
Loss on Sale of Investments (-)		(37.361)
Total	-	(37.361)

34. FINANCIAL INCOME / (EXPENSES)

Finance Income	01.0131.12.2013	01.0131.12.2012
Interest Income	1.426.361	3.235.569
Income from Foreign Exchange Differences	98.171.720	28.444.045
Total	99.598.081	31.679.614

Financing Expenses	01.0131.12.2013	01.0131.12.2012
Foreign currency exchange losses (-)	(115.925.091)	(26.840.144)
Loan Interest Expenses (-)	(13.938.425)	(9.725.583)
Total	(129.863.516)	(36.565.727)

35. NON-CURRENT ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

None. (31.12.2012: None.)

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

36. INCOME TAXES		
Current Tax Related to Non Current Assets		
	<u>31.12.2013</u>	<u>31.12.2012</u>
Prepaid Taxes and Funds	4.462.343	4.968.460
Current Tax Related to Non Current Assets		
	31.12.2013	31.12.2012
Prepaid Taxes and Funds	8.000.536	3.385.097
Income Tax Liability		
	31.12.2013	31.12.2012
Current Tax Liability	7.380.211	4.224.065
Less: Prepaid Taxes and Funds	(4.462.343)	(4.968.460)
Income Tax Liability	2.917.868	(744.395)
Tax Provision		
IUA I IOVISION	31.12.2013	31.12.2012
Current Income tax provision (-)	(6.798.587)	(4.292.323)
Provision for Deferred Tax Expense / (Income)	(1.553.523)	(958.952)
Total	(8.352.110)	(5.251.275)

CorporateTax

The Group is subject to Turkish corporate taxes. The estimated tax liabilities of the Group's results for the period is recognized in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

The corporate tax rate on taxable profit will be accrued expense in determining accounting profit and tax-exempt non-deductible expenses, gains and other non-taxable income deductions (prior year losses and investment incentives) on taxable income after the deduction of calculated.

As at 31 December 2013 and 31 December 2012, the Group offset against future profits will be achieved TRY 8.435.819 and TRY 9.364.762, respectively, amounting to has unused tax losses. Unused tax losses, to be available at the following dates will lose quality.

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

36. INCOME TAXES (continued)

Tax Provision(continued)

Corporations calculate and pay quarterly temporary corporate tax of 20%. (2012: %20).

The tax legislation provides for a temporary tax (prepaid tax) of 20% (20% in 2012) to be calculated and paid based on earnings generated for each quarter. The amounts thus calculated and paid are offset against the final tax liability for the year.

Carried back to Turkey on tax there is no procedure. The annual accounting period until the close of the fourth month following the month of 25th. However, the tax authorities review the accounting records for five years and amount of tax payable may vary if errors are detected.

As of 31 December 2013 and 31 December 2012, the Group will be offset against future profits will be obtained TL 8.435.819 and 9.364.762 respectively has unused tax losses amounting to TL. Unused tax losses to be available at the following dates will be disqualified.

	31.12.2013	31.12.2012
Will end in 2012	-	-
Will end in 2013	-	-
Will end in 2014	-	-
Will end in 2015	-	-
Will end in 2016	8.435.819	9.364.762
Total	8.435.819	9.364.762
Tax liability table for the current period profit is a follows.		
	31.12.2013	31.12.2012
01 January	4.224.065	3.963.733
The Current Tax Expense For The Period	6.798.587	4.296.413
Taxes Paid	(4.296.413)	(3.753.448)
Foreign Currency Translation Difference	653.972	(282.633)
Current Income Tax Liabilities	7.380.211	4.224.065

Income Tax Withholding

In addition to corporate taxes, their share of the profit from the distribution of dividends in the event of the company's income in the statements, including non-resident institutions and branches of foreign companies in Turkey on any dividends distributed, except for the calculation of income tax withholding is required. Income tax 24 April 2003 - 22 July 2006 was 10% in all companies. This rate is from 22 July 2006 2006/10731 15% by the Council of Ministers. Undistributed dividends incorporated in share capital are not subject to income tax withholding.

A reconciliation of income tax expense in the period are as follows:

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

36. INCOME TAXES (continued)		
	<u>31.12.2013</u>	<u>31.12.2012</u>
Profit before tax	8.490.008	9.636.852
The effective tax rate (20%)	(1.698.002)	(1.927.370)
Foreign Branches and Subsidiary Impact on Tax Rate	2.789.567	(473.690)
Non-deductible expenses	(443.194)	(193.185)
Changes in tax losses in the previous period	185.789	(582.926)
Unused tax losses of the current period	(5.420.388)	-
Impact of loss from equity method	(1.042.734)	(188.110)
Effect of Other Adjustments	(2.723.148)	(1.885.994)
Total	(8.352.110)	(5.251.275)

Deferred Tax Liabilities

Deferred tax is accounted for using the liability method in respect of temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax basis used in the computation of taxable (statutory) profit.

Deferred tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted in the period in which assets acquired and/or liabilities carried out and included in the statement of income as income or expense.

Deffered tax rate is %20.(31.12.2012: %20).

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

36. INCOME TAXES (continued)

	Cumulative Timing		Deferred Tax Asset/	
	<u>Diffe</u>		(Liabi	•
Defended Toy Accepts	<u>31.12.2013</u>	31.12.2012	<u>31.12.2013</u>	<u>31.12.2012</u>
Deferred Tax Assets Provision of Doubtful Receivable	881.352	4.487.650	113.082	896.176
The Difference Between Book Value and Tax Assessment of	001.332	1.107.030	113.002	070.170
Tangible and Intangible Fixed Assets	17.488.520	17.535.528	3.066.820	3.076.199
Provision of Severance Pay	975.996	785.309	195.199	157.062
Provision of Unused Annual Leave	480.908	401.651	96.182	80.330
Unearned Credit Finance Income	16.151	184.894	3.230	36.979
Reversal of Prior Period Projects' Income Accurals	526.032.894	314.702.060	94.217.193	50.872.578
Provision for inventory impairment	368.789	-	73.758	-
Financing Expenses	914.851	842.717	182.970	168.543
Unused prior year's losses	8.435.819	9.364.762	1.687.164	1.872.952
Other Adjustment	2.096.124	1.575.490	231.118	185.127
Total	557.691.404	349.880.061	99.866.716	57.345.946
Deferred Tax Liabilities				
The Difference Between Book Value and Tax Assessment of				
Tangible and Intangible Fixed Assets	(48.916.294)	(28.794.274)	(9.767.382)	(5.745.771)
Unrealized Credit Finance Expense	(107.260)	(156.309)	(21.452)	(31.261)
Projects' Period Income Accurals	(476.594.267)	(296.981.256)	(89.427.948)	(50.045.240)
Other Adjustments	(549.466)	(20.085)	(109.892)	(4.016)
Total	526.167.287	(325.951.924)	(99.326.674)	(55.826.288)
Deferred Tax Asset/ (Liability), net	31.524.119	23.928.137	540.042	1.519.658
Deferred Tax Income/(Expense)		-		(979.616)
Foreign Currency Translation Effect			=	559.567
Saved Revaluation Fund				14.901
Deferred Tax Income/(Expense) for				(29.241)
the period between 01/01-31/12/2013				(1.553.523)
the period deciment of you of 17/12/2015		-		(1.555.525)
			31.12.2013	31.12.2012
Beginning of Period			1.519.658	2.782.062
Current Period Income Statement Debt / (receivable) Record			(1.553.523)	(1.549.827)
Impact of Foreign Currency Translation Revaluation and Measurement Profit / Loss Deduction of Am	ounta		(559.567)	261.867
Defined Benefit Plans Remeasurement Gain / Loss from Amo			(14.901) 29.241	8.757 16.799
End of term	ants acaucica		(579.092)	1.519.658
			. /	

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

37. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Share In Earnings Per	<u>01.0131.12.2013</u>	<u>01.0131.12.2012</u>
The Parent Company, Net Profit / (Loss)For The	1.372.523	15.464
Of The Share-Weighted Average Number Of	110.000.000	110.000.000
From Continuing Operations Per Share Of Profit / (Loss)	0,01	0,00

38. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Which are related parties of the Company and the transactions between subsidiaries have been eliminated on consolidation, are not disclosed in this note.

Trade receivables from related parties are generally arise from sales and maturities of approximately 4 months. Due to the nature of unsecured interest-free and not operated.

Trade payables to related parties usually arise from purchase transactions and average maturity is 4 months. Payables are not interest bearing.

Details of transactions between the Group and other related parties are disclosed below.

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

38. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES(continued)

Related parties and affiliates for trade and non-trade receivables is not a defined term. Due to the nature of unsecured interest-free and not operated. 31.12.2013

	Receivables				Payable	S		
	Short-	Term	Long-Ter	m	Short-T		Long-Ter	m
Balances with related parties	Trade	Other	Trade	Other	Trade	Other	Trade	Other
Anelsis Mühendislik Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.	4.231.828	23.507.594	-	_	1.770	-	-	-
Anelmak Makine ve Elektronik San. ve Tic. A.Ş.	39.344	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Anel Ar-Ge Dan. San. Ve Tic. A.Ş.	55.986	573.062	-	-	-	-	-	-
Doğa Çevre Teknolojileri A.Ş.	480.118	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Anelnet Teknik Hizmetler Ltd. Şti.	1.679.347	423.000	-	-	278.555	-	-	-
Köpük Turizm ve Yatçılık Ltd. Şti.	225.304	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Anelmep Maintenance and Operations LLC	16.811	2.177.308	-	-	-	665.935	-	-
Anel Doğa Entegre Geri Dönüşüm Endüstrisi A.Ş.	2.326.309	16.332.092	-	-	3.990	-	-	-
Anel-Sera Adi Ortaklığı	2.080.325	338.184	-	-	126.407	2.033.448	-	-
Avek Solar Uretim Sanayi Ticaret A.Ş.	2.933.412	352.059	-	-	2.225	-	-	-
EKB(Energinia Compania)	209.871	1.977.420	-	-	-	196.370	-	-
Anel Holding A.Ş.	1.965.113	3.272.956	-	-	3.667.560	-	-	-
Anel Telekomünikasyon Elk. Sist. San. ve Tic.	160.047	993.000	-	-	712.631	505.000	-	-
Doğa Geri Dönüşüm San. Tic.	1.083	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sera Yapı Endüstri ve Ticaret	96.932	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ams Aneltech Adi Ortaklığı	1.888	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Anel KSA	-	4.856.669	-	-	-	-	-	-
Anel Arabia	-	5.691	-	-	-	19.313	-	-
Çelikel Vakfı	18.609	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Anelsis Bosnia Branch	-	-	-	-	-	1.580	-	-
E Sistem Elektronik A.Ş.	4.553	15.000	-	-	510	-	=	-
Total	16.526.880	54.824.035	_	_	4.793.648	3.421.646		-

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

38. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES(continued)

Related parties and affiliates for trade and non-trade receivables is not a defined term. Due to the nature of unsecured interest-free and not operated. 31.12.2012

	-	Receivabl	es	31.12.20	Payables			
	Short-		Long-Te	rm –	Short-T		Long-Ter	m
Balances with related parties	Trade	Other	Trade	Other	Trade	Other	Trade	Other
Anelsis Mühendislik Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.	2.641.319	883.261	_	-	-	-	-	-
Anelmak Makine ve Elektronik San. ve Tic. A.Ş.	20.484	-	-	-	5.749	_	-	-
Anel Ar-Ge Dan. San. Ve Tic. A.Ş.	11.161	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plastikkart Akıllı Kart Iletişim Sistemleri San. ve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Çelikel Vakfı	12.079	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Anel Omaj A.Ş.	5.192	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Anelnet Teknik Hizmetler Ltd. Şti.	1.220.166	-	-	-	549.295	-	-	-
Anel Mekanik Tesisat Taahhüt A.Ş.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Köpük Turizm ve Yatçılık Ltd. Şti.	222.472	-	-	-	85	-	-	-
Anelmep Maintenance and Operations LLC	6.407	1.129.673	-	-	-	-	-	-
Anel Doğa Entegre Geri Dönüşüm Endüstrisi A.Ş.	890.955	9.375.826	-	-	-	-	-	-
Anel-Sera Adi Ortaklığı	203.772	338.185	-	-	-	835.640	-	-
Avek Solar Uretim Sanayi Ticaret A.Ş.	934.912	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
EKB(Energinia Compania)	86.612	787.637	-	-	-	-	-	-
Anel Holding	314.422	177.000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Anel Telekomünikasyon Elk. Sist. San. ve Tic.	83.339	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sera Yapı Endüstri ve Ticaret	961.970	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
BG Company	3.853.923	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Anel Doğa	52.452	-	-	-	2.610	-	-	-
Ams Aneltech Adi Ortaklığı	472	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Anel Emirates General Comp.	=	432.979	-	-	-	=	-	-
Anel KSA	=	4.234.908	-	-	-	=	-	-
Aneles Elektronik Uretim ve Paz.	200.348	-	-	-	105.521	=	-	-
Anelsis Bosnia Branch	=	-	-	-	-	1.580	-	-
E Sistem Elektronik A.Ş.	44.708	-	-	-	50.386	-	-	-
Real People	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	400.000	<u>-</u>	1.822.729	<u> </u>	-
Total	11.767.165	17.359.469	_	400.000	713.646	2.659.949		_

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

38. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES(continued)

01.01. - 31.12.2013 and 01.01. - 31.12.2012 transactions with related parties during the period are as follows:

	01.0131.12.2013							
	Good	Good Sales	Interest	Interest	Rent	Rent	Service Sales	Service
Operations with Related Parties	<u>Purchases</u>		Income	Expense	Income	Expense		Purchases
Anel Elektrik Proje Taahhüt ve Tic. A.Ş.	-	_		_		_	-	-
Anelsis Mühendislik Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.	5.037.096	679	71.743	-	192.102	-	127.140	186.079
Anelmak Makine ve Elektronik San. ve Tic. A.Ş.	-	-	-	-	1.200	-	-	713
Anel Ar-Ge Dan. San. Ve Tic. A.Ş.	-	-	16.189	-	1.200	-	1.660	=
As Alan Sistemleri Ltd. Şti.	-	-	-	-	1.200	-	-	-
Çelikel Vakfı	-	-	-	-	5.981	-	-	-
Anelnet Teknik Hizmetler Ltd. Şti.	-	-	8.871	-	27.855	-	65.205	514.634
Köpük Turizm ve Yatçılık Ltd. Şti.	-	-	-	-	2.400	-	-	-
Anel Enerji Elektrik Uretim San. Tic. A.Ş.	-	-	-	6.984	_	-	-	-
Anelmep Maintenance and Operations LLC	-	-	5.300	-	_	-	-	-
Anel Doğa Entegre Geri Dönüşüm Endüstrisi A.Ş.	-	123.375	973.486	-	_	-	43.584	2.997
Anel-Sera Adi Ortaklığı	-	-	-	-	_	-	1.707.898	558.062
Avek Solar Uretim Sanayi Ticaret A.Ş.	5.131	-	-	-	88.549	-	25.232	24.091
EKB(Energinia Compania)	-	-	127.701	-	-	-	-	-
Anel Holding A.Ş.	-	-	126.558	_	1.034.268	_	153.513	2.333.032
Anel Telekomünikasyon Elk. Sist. San. ve Tic. A.Ş.	242.956	-	5.375	53.712	15.514	_	61.495	52.411
Sera Yapı Endüstri ve Ticaret	-	_	-	_	_	_	2.923.461	-
Anel Arabia	-	-	6.656	-	_	-	-	-
Kioto Photovoltaics	-	_	-	-	-	-	326	-
E Sistem Elektronik A.Ş.	-	-	259	-	1200	-	-	-
Total	5.285.183	124.054	1.342.138	60.696	1.371.469		5.109.514	3.672.019

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

38. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES(continued)

01.01. - 31.12.2013 and 01.01. - 31.12.2012 transactions with related parties during the period are as follows:

01.01.-31.12.2012

Operations with Related Parties	Good Purchases	Good Sales	Interest Income	Interest Expense	Rent Income	Rent Expense	Service Sales	Service Purchases
Anel Elektrik Proje Taahhüt ve Tic. A.Ş.				-			-	
Anelsis Mühendislik Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.	2.423.534	2.807	879	-	-	-	173.722	298.222
Anelmak Makine ve Elektronik San. ve Tic. A.Ş.	-	-	-	-	-	8.682	50	116
Anel Ar-Ge Dan. San. Ve Tic. A.Ş.	-	-	-	-	-	68.229	-	5.830
Anelnet Teknik Hizmetler Ltd. Şti.	-	-	7.870	8.904	6.207	-	269.570	214.858
Köpük Turizm ve Yatçılık Ltd. Şti.	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.632
Anel Holding A.Ş.	-	-	948	-	-	-	1.889.228	3.281.975
Anelmep Maintenance and Operations LLC	-	-	9.003	-	-	_	-	-
Anel Doğa Entegre Geri Dönüşüm Endüstrisi A.Ş.	-	9.629	-	-	625.491	-	7.107	267.628
Anel Electrical Contracting and Trading CO.		<u>-</u>	2.771.890	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	23.424	<u> </u>
Total	2.423.534	12.436	2.790.590	8.904	631.698	76.911	2.363.101	4.073.261

- Product sales consist of electrical supplies.
- Save Service department expenditures consist of purchases.
- Service revenues from sales of services and building work consists of contributions.

Company's Key Management Personnels are Board Chairman and Members and General Manager. Benefits Supplied to Key Management Personnel as of 01.01.-31.12.2013 and 01.01.-31.12.2012 as follows;

Benefits Provided To Senior Management	<u>01.0131.12.2013</u>	<u>01.0131.12.2012</u>
Short-Term Employee Benefits	1.962.114	2.492.784
Dismissal Due To The Benefits Provided	-	-
Other Long-Term Benefits	-	-
Total	1.962.114	2.492.784

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

39. QUALITIES AND LEVEL OF RISKS FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a) Equity Risk Method

The aims of Company are to be beneficial for all shareholders and maintaining the best capital combination to reduce capital cost and keeping on entity when managing the capital.

Company capital structure consist of credit payables, cash and cash equivalents, paid capital, reserves and retained earnings.

Company capital cost and each risks regarding capital evaulate by executives. According to the evaulate company aim to equalise the capital structure by borrowing, redemption, dividend payment and issuance of shares.

The Company uses Liabilities / Equity rate while they follow capital sufficiency. This rate is found by net liabilities divided by total equity. Net liabilities is counted by cash and cash equivalents minus total liabilities which appears in balance sheet.

Equity rate to depts as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 as follows:

	<u>31.12.2013</u>	<u>31.12.2012</u>
Total Liabilities	546.867.735	321.436.602
Less: Cash and Cash Equivalents	(46.477.869)	(15.657.396)
Net Liabilities	500.389.866	305.779.206
Total Equity	280.448.567	246.542.456
Liabilities / Equity Proportion	1,78	1,24

Company's aim is to high profitability and equity for able to manage debts.

b) Financial risk factors

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest rate risk, cash flow interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance.

b.1) Credit Risk

Financial losses due to Company's receivables and financial assets which result from not implementing agreement clauses related to financial assets by a customer or other party constitutes credit risk. Company trying to decrease credit risk by making operations with confidential parties and attain enough collateral.

Trade receivables contain lots of customers rathered on same sector and geographical area

Credit consideration making over Custumer's trade receivables permanently

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

39. QUALITIES AND LEVEL OF RISKS FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

31.12.2013

		Recei	vables		Cash and cash	
	Trade Receivables Other Receivables			equivalents		
Current Period	Related parties	Related parties		Banks Deposit	Financial Invesment	
The maximum amount of exposure to credit risk at the end of the						
reporting						
(A+B+C+D) (1)	16.526.880	341.971.592	54.824.035	10.535.803	43.968.794	46.296
- Total receivable that have been secured with collateras, other credit enhancements etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-
A. Financial assets that are neither past due nor imparied the net book						
value (2)	16.526.880	341.971.592	54.824.035	10.535.803	43.968.794	46.296
B. The amount of financial assets that are past due as at the end of the						
reporting period but not impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
C. The amount of financial assets that are impaired (3)	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Past due (Gross book value)	-	846.825	-	-	-	-
- The amount of impairment (-)	-	(846.825)		-	-	-
- Net value garanteed with colleteral etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not overdue (gross book value)	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Impairment (-)	-	-				
- Net value garanteed with colleteral etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-
D. Off financial statment credit risk amount	-	-	-	-	-	-

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

39. QUALITIES AND LEVEL OF RISKS FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

31.12.2012

		Recei		Cash and cash			
	Trade Re	ceivables	Other Re	ceivables	equivalents		
Prior Period	Related parties	3rd Parties	Related parties	3rd Parties	Banks Deposit	Financial Invesment	
The maximum amount of exposure to credit risk at the end of the							
(A+B+C+D+E) (1)	11.767.165	229.403.859	17.759.469	5.779.945	15.574.296	46.296	
- Total receivable that have been secured with collateras, other credit enhancements etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-	
A. Financial assets that are neither past due nor imparied the net book value (2)	11.767.165	229.403.859	17.759.469	5.779.945	15.574.296	46.296	
B. The amount of financial assets that are past due as at the end of the reporting period but not impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	
C. The amount of financial assets that are impaired (3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
- Past due (Gross book value)	-	4.454.457	-	-	-	-	
- The amount of impairment (-)	-	(4.454.457)		-	-	-	
- Net value garanteed with colleteral etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Not overdue (gross book value)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
- Impairment (-)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
- Net value garanteed with colleteral etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-	
D. Off financial statment credit risk amount	-	-	-	-	-	-	

⁽¹⁾ It was not considered collaterals taken which is raising credit reliability when the amounts was determined.

⁽²⁾ All of the trade receivables are receivables from clients. The Group management predicted that It would not be encountered any problem regarding Collection of Receivables because of considering their past experiences

⁽³⁾ the impairment test, the Group's customers, which is one of receivables determined by the management of doubtful receivables have been made in the framework of policy.

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

39. QUALITIES AND LEVEL OF RISKS FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

b) Financial risk factors (continued)

b.2) Liquidity Risk Management

Liquidity risk is that an entity will be unable to meet its net funding requirements The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between current assets and liabilities through close monitoring of payment plans and cash projections. The Group manages short, medium and long term funding and liquidity management requirements by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profile of financial assets and liabilities. The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities based on contractual payments. The Group does not have any derivative liabilities.

Current Period

Current reriou							
		According to Contract Total Cash					
Terms According to Agreements	Book Value	Outflows (=I+II+III+IV)	Up tu 3 months (I)	3 to 12 months (II)	1 to 5 years (III)	Over 5 years (IV)	Demand
Non Drivatives Financial Liabilities	283.972.128	299.713.170	167.257.681	24.105.082	63.618.938	44.731.469	,
Bank Loans	191.661.702	207.399.577	83.159.382	15.889.788	63.618.938	44.731.469	
Leases	79.656	81.515	81.515	-	-	-	-
Trade Payables	83.545.575	83.546.883	78.753.235	4.793.648	-	-	-
Other Payables	8.685.195	8.685.195	5.263.549	3.421.646	-	-	-

Prior Period

		According to Contract Total Cash					
Terms According to Agreements	Book Value	Outflows (=I+II+III+IV)	Up tu 3 months (I)	3 to 12 months (II)	1 to 5 years (III)	Over 5 years (IV)	Demand
Non Drivatives Financial Liabilities	193.992.520	194.141.993	79.901.146	27.875.010	86.365.837	-	-
Bank Loans	120.698.702	120.698.702	10.431.592	23.969.355	86.297.755	-	-
Leases	401.519	444.493	94.103	282.308	68.082	-	-
Trade Payables	58.495.733	58.602.232	57.638.834	963.398	-	-	-
Other Payables	14.396.566	14.396.566	11.736.617	2.659.949	-	-	-

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

39. QUALITIES AND LEVEL OF RISKS FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

b) Financial risk factors (continued)

b.3) Market Risk Management

The market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will flactuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

The group is subject to foreign currency risk because of international purchasing and FX denominated loans. That risk is tried to minimise by setting the sale price in terms of FX as in last year.

b.3.1) Foreign Exchange Risk Management

Foreign currency transactions expose the Group to foreign currency risk. These risks are monitored and limited by the analysis of foreign currency position.

The group's foreign currency denominated monetary and non-monetary assets and liabilities as of the date of the balance sheet are as follows:

31.12.2013

		Current F	Period		
	TRY Amount				
	1 K1 Amount	USD	EUR	GBP	
1. Trade Receivables	17.349.209	6.009.129	-	-	
2a. Monetary Financial Assets	2.906.732	1.150.932	151.856	1.245	
2b. Non-Monetary Financial Assets	-	-	-	-	
3. Other	12.869.612	3.810.992	1.612.740	-	
4. Current Assets (1+2+3)	33.125.553	10.971.053	33.305.180	1.245	
5. Trade receivables	-	-	-	-	
6. Other	-	-	-	-	
7. Non-Current Assets (5+6)	-	-	-	-	
8. Total Assets (4+7)	33.125.553	10.971.053	33.305.180	1.245	
9. Trade Payables	27.664.497	10.081.708	1.927.346	138.821	
10. Financial Liabilities	11.966.835	3.925.892	1.221.796	-	
11a. Other Monetary Liabilities	-	-	-	-	
11b. Other Non-Monetary Liabilities	45.692.333	19.553.606	1.348.228	-	
12. Short-Term Liabilities (9+10+11)	85.323.665	33.561.206	4.497.370	138.821	
13. Financial Liabilities	76.542.256	87.214	26.002.423	-	
14. Other Non-Monetary Liabilities	-	-	-	-	
15. Long-Term Liabilities (13+14)	76.542.256	87.214	26.002.423		
16. Total Liabilities (12+15)	161.865.921	33.648.420	30.499.793	138.821	
17. Net Foreign Currency Asset / (Liability)	128.740.368	22.677.367	27.194.613	137.576	
18. Net Foreign Currency Monetary Items	(95.917.647)	(6.934.753)	(27.459.125)	(137.576)	

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

39. QUALITIES AND LEVEL OF RISKS FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued) Foreign Exchange Risk Management (continued)

31.12.2012

	Prior Period						
	TRY Amount						
	1 K 1 Amount	USD	EUR	GBP			
1. Trade Receivables	4.433.313	1.801.732	519.338	76			
2a. Monetary Financial Assets	8.622.853	3.695.504	865.150	235			
2b. Non-Monetary Financial Assets							
3. Other	7.712.494	2.520.381	1.369.079	-			
4. Current Assets (1+2+3)	20.768.660	8.017.617	2.753.567	311			
5, trade receivables	-	-		-			
6. Other	-	-	-	-			
7. Non-Current Assets (5+6)	-	-	-	-			
8. Total Assets (4+7)	20.768.660	8.017.617	2.753.567	311			
9. Trade Payables	18.051.360	8.257.044	1.380.659	29.768			
10. Financial Liabilities	15.508.226	1.444.700	5.499.385	-			
11a. Other Monetary Liabilities	35.880.264	17.876.130	1.706.967	-			
11b. Other Non-Monetary Liabilities	-	-	-	-			
12. Short-Term Liabilities (9+10+11)	69.439.850	27.577.874	8.587.011	29.768			
13. Financial Liabilities	73.345.662	37.322	31.160.068	-			
14. Other Non-Monetary Liabilities	-	-	-	-			
15. Long-Term Liabilities (13+14)	73.345.662	37.322	31.160.068	-			
16. Total Liabilities (12+15)	142.785.512	27.615.196	39.747.079	29.768			
17. Net Foreign Currency Asset / (Liability)							
Position (8-16)	(122.016.852)	(19.597.579)	(36.993.512)	(29.457)			
18. Net Foreign Currency Monetary Items							
Assets / (Liability) Position	(129.729.346)	(22.117.960)	(38.362.591)	(29.457)			

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

39. QUALITIES AND LEVEL OF RISKS FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Foreign Exchange Risk Management (continued)

The Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising primarily with respect to transactions denominated in USD, Euro.

The following table details the Company's sensitivity to a 10% increase and decrease in the TL against USD, Euro. 10% is used in the reporting of currency risk to the key management and it represents the management's expectation on the potential exchange rate fluctuations. Sensitivity analysis can only made on the year-end outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and it shows the year-end effects of the 10% of exchange currency fluctuation on the related items.

31.12.2013

	Sensitivity to Foreign Currency							
Current Period								
	Prof	it/Loss	Equity Capital					
	Appreciation of Foreign Currency	Devaluation of Foreign Currency	Appreciation of Foreign Currency	Devaluation of Foreign Currency				
Ap	preciation of USD aga	inst TL at 10%:	•					
1- US Dollar net assets/liabilities	798.570	(798.570)	_	-				
2- The amount of USD Hedging (-)	-	-	-	-				
3- US Dollar Net Effect (1+2)	798.570	(798.570)	-	-				
Aŗ	preciation of Euro aga	inst TL at 10%:						
4- Euro net asset/liabilities	484.003	(484.003)	-	-				
5- The amount of EUR Hedging (-)	-	-	-	-				
6- Euro Net Effect (4+5)	484.003	(484.003)	-	-				
Appreciatio	Appreciation of other foreign currencies against TL at 10%:							
TOTAL (3+6)	1.282.573	(1.282.573)						

31.12.2012

31.12.2012	*4* *4 4 TO *				
Se	nsitivity to Foreig				
Prior Period					
	Profit/Loss		Equity Capital		
	Appreciation of	Devaluation of	Appreciation of	Devaluation of	
	Foreign Currency	Foreign Currency	Foreign Currency	Foreign Currency	
Appreciation of USD against TL at 10%:					
1- US Dollar net assets/liabilities	(3.493.464)	3.493.464	-	-	
2- The amount of USD Hedging (-)	-	-	-	-	
3- US Dollar Net Effect (1+2)	(3.493.464)	3.493.464	=	-	
Appreciation of Euro against TL at 10%:					
4- Euro net asset/liabilities	(8.699.764)	8.699.764	-	-	
5- The amount of EUR Hedging (-)	-	-	-	-	
6- Euro Net Effect (4+5)	(8.699.764)	8.699.764	-	-	
Appreciation of other foreign currencies against TL at 10%:					
TOTAL (3+6)	(12.193.228)	12.193.228	-	-	

The Group's activities through the use of derivative financial instruments does not hedge foreign currency denominated liabilities.

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

39. QUALITIES AND LEVEL OF RISKS FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

b) Financial Risk Factors(continued)

b.3) Market Risk Management (continued)

b.3.2) Interest Rate Risk Management

The Company should handle the risk of interest rate occurred as a result of the variations in the prices of financial instruments being affected by the changes in the market interest rates.

Company's interest position table as of 31.12.2013 and 31.12.2012 as follows:

Interest Rate Risk				
		Current Period	Prior Period	
Financial Instrument with fixed rate				
	Fair Value	-	-	
Financial Assets	Cash and Cash Equivalents	2.672.801	1.226.279	
Financial Liabilities		191.741.358	121.100.221	
	Değişken faizli finansal araçlar			
Financial Assets		-	-	
Financial Liabilities		-	-	

If the base point of denominated interest rates for financial instruments with variable interest rate was higher/lower 0,25%, with all other variables held constant, the Group's income before tax and minority interest would be lower/higher TL 738.200 as of 31 December 2013. (31 December 2012 – TL 680.968)

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT DISCLOSURES)

		Other Financial Liabilities					
			Financial Assets	are measured			
31 December 2013	The Fair Value of the	Loans and Receivables	Valued by	at amortized			
	Financial Assets (Including cash and cash equivalents)		Cost Value	cost shown	Book Value	Note	
Financial Assets							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	46.477.869	-	-	46.477.869	6	
Trade Receivables	-	358.498.472	-	-	358.498.472	9, 38	
Financial Invesment	-	-	46.296	-	46.296	7	
Financial Liabilities							
Financial Liabilities	-	-	-	191.741.358	191.741.358	8	
Trade Liabilities	-	-	-	83.545.575	83.545.575	9, 38	
Other Financial Liabilities	-	-	-	7.380.211	7.380.211	35	
31 Aralık 2012							
Financial Assets							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	15.657.396	-	-	15.657.396	6	
Trade Receivables	-	241.171.024	-	-	241.171.024	9, 38	
Financial Invesment	-	-	46.296	-	46.296	7	
Financial Liabilities							
Financial Liabilities	-	-	-	121.100.221	121.100.221	8	
Trade Liabilities	-	-	-	58.495.733	58.495.733	9, 38	
Other Financial Liabilities	-	-	-	4.224.065	4.224.065	35	

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT DISCLOSURES) (continued)

Financial Instrument fair values determine as follows;

- First Level: Financial Instruments valuated with market values of the similar instruments which traded on active market.
- Second Level: Financial Instruments valuated with data uses to find price which observable directly or indirectly on the market in addition to first level.
- Third Level: Financial Instruments valuated with data which not based on data uses to find fair value of the instruments on the market.

The fair value hierarchy of financial assets and level of classification is as follows:

		The Level of the fair value			
		at the r	at the reporting date		
Financial Assets	31.12.2013	First Level (TRY) Second	Level (TRY) Third Level (TRY)		
Available for sale financial Assets - Shares	46.296	-	- 46.296		
Total =	46.296	-	- 46.296		
		The Level of the fair value at the reporting date			
Financial Assets	31.12.2012	First Level (TRY) Second	Level (TRY) Third Level (TRY)		
Available for sale financial Assets - Shares	46.296	-	- 46.296		
Total	46.296	-	- 46.296		
Financial assets reconciliation of be	ginning and ending	g balances are as follows 31.12.2013 Assets Shares	: 31.12.2012 Assets Shares		
Opening balance		46.296	364.762		
changes		-	(318.466)		
Closing Balance		46.296	46.296		

(Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

41. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

None. (31.12.2012: None).

42. DISCLOSURE OF OTHER MATTERS

None.(31.12.2012: None.)